

ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE  
DE MÉTROLOGIE LÉGALE

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INTERNATIONAL RECOMMENDATION

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Pure-tone audiometers  
Annex F: Test report format

Audiomètres à sons purs  
Annexe F: Format du rapport d'essai

OIML R 104  
Annex F

Edition 1997 (E)

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## FOREWORD

The International Organization of Legal Metrology (OIML) is a worldwide, intergovernmental organization whose primary aim is to harmonize the regulations and metrological controls applied by the national metrological services, or related organizations, of its Member States.

The two main categories of OIML publications are:

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# PURE-TONE AUDIOMETERS

## ANNEX F

### TEST REPORT FORMAT

Note: This annex is informative with regard to the implementation of International Recommendation OIML R 104 in national regulations; however, use of the test report format is mandatory for application of the Recommendation within the OIML Certificate System.

The “Test report format”, the subject of this Annex, aims at presenting, in a standardized format, the results of the various tests to which a pattern of a pure-tone audiometer shall be submitted with a view to its approval. These tests are listed in Annex D of International Recommendation OIML R 104.

All metrology services or laboratories evaluating patterns of pure-tone audiometers according to national regulations based on R 104 are strongly advised to use this “Test report format” directly or after translation into a language other than English or French. Its direct use in English or in French, or in both languages, is even more strongly recommended whenever test results are transmitted by the country performing these tests to the approving authorities of another country, under bi- or multi-lateral cooperation agreements.

### EXPLANATORY NOTES

Key to symbols and expressions used in the following pages:

+ = Approved

– = Not approved

mpe = Maximum permissible error as specified in clause 2 of R 104

The “Summary of tests” and the tables on “Inscriptions and marks” and the “Instruction manual” shall be completed according to this example.

+	–	
×		Approved
	×	Not approved
/	/	Not applicable

“Date” in the test reports refers to the date of testing.

“Deviation” means the difference between the measured value and the expected value. In some cases, deviation is to be understood as the relative deviation.

GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE PATTERN

Application No:

Manufacturer:

Applicant:

Representative (name, telephone):

Model designation:

Type of audiometer (claimed by manufacturer):

Model designations of transducers:

Earphone(s):

Insert earphone:

Loudspeaker(s):

Bone vibrator:

Type(s) of acoustic couplers/ear simulator used for acoustic tests:

Accessories:

Handswitch:

Battery (if applicable): type: .....  
nominal voltage: .....  
number required: .....

Remarks:

## SUMMARY OF THE TESTS

No.	Test	+	-
F.1	Electrical safety		
F.2	Subject's response system		
F.3	Warm-up time		
F.4	Sensitivity to temperature and humidity		
F.5	Supply voltage		
F.6	Electrostatic and electromagnetic interference		
F.7	Unwanted sound		
F.8	External signal input		
F.9	Frequency and hearing level range		
F.10	Frequency accuracy		
F.11	Harmonic distortion		
F.12	Rate of frequency change		
F.13	Frequency modulation		
F.14	Level accuracy		
F.15	Hearing level control		
F.16	Tone switching		
F.17	Level range (Masking sound)		
F.18	Frequency spectrum (Masking sound)		
F.19	Level accuracy (Masking sound)		
F.20	Level control (Masking sound)		
F.21	Earphones		
F.22	Bone vibrator		
F.23	Inscriptions and marks		
F.24	Instruction manual		

Remarks:

F.1 Electrical safety

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clause 5.1.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Do the instruments conform to minimum IEC safety requirements (IEC 601-1)?

yes see Certificate No .....  
of testing laboratory .....

no

Remarks:

F.2 Subject's response system

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 5.2 and 10.2o.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial No:

Does the switch enable easy and reliable operation using one hand without generating any noise that might disturb the hearing threshold level measurement? (tested subjectively with a recommended minimum number of ten press/release sequences).

yes

no

In the case of a computer-controlled audiometer:

Is an information given about the time window for the subject's response?

yes

no

Remarks:

**F.3 Warm-up time**

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clause 5.3.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial No:

Temperature:

Unit stored during the last 5 hours at a temperature of ..... °C

Nominal frequency and hearing level chosen: ..... Hz, ..... dB

Corresponding RETSPL: .....

Period after switch-on min	Measured frequency Hz	Measured hearing level dB	Measured total distortion %	mpe
				Frequency: Type 1: 1 % Type 2: 2 % Types 3 to 5: 3 % Hearing level: 125 Hz to 4 000 Hz: ± 3 dB > 4 000 Hz: ± 5 dB  Total distortion : see clause 11 of this report

Minimum warm-up time: ..... min

Minimum warm-up time specified by the manufacturer: ..... min

Remarks:



**F.4 Sensitivity to temperature and humidity**  
 The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 5.4.1 and 5.4.4.

Application No: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Model designation: \_\_\_\_\_ Observer: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Serial number: \_\_\_\_\_

**Test conditions:** One earphone; 1 000 Hz indicated frequency (or, for a Type 5 audiometer, the nearest frequency if 1 000 Hz is not provided); hearing level of 100 dB or at the maximum hearing level, whichever is the lower; a minimum of four combinations of values of temperature (15 °C to 35 °C) and relative humidity (30 % to 90 %).

Ambient pressure between: ..... kPa and ..... kPa

Ambient temperature °C	Relative humidity %	Frequency setting Hz	Measured frequency Hz	Relative deviation %	mpe
					Type 1: 1 % Type 2: 2 % Types 3 to 5: 3 %

Hearing level control  $L_{HL}$ : ..... dB

Ambient temperature °C	Relative humidity %	Measured SPL $L_m$ dB	RETSPL $L_{RETSPL}$ dB	Deviation $L_m - L_{RETSPL} - L_{HL}$ dB	mpe
					± 3 dB

Ambient temperature °C	Relative humidity %	Frequency setting Hz	Hearing level control dB	Total harmonic distortion %	mpe
					2.5 %

Remarks:

F.5 Supply voltage

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial No:

Temperature:

F.5.a Battery operation

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 5.4.2, 5.4.4 and 10.2b.

Are the limits of battery voltages within which the specifications will be met stated by the manufacturer?

yes  no

Is a suitable indicator provided?

yes  no

Test conditions: One earphone; 1 000 Hz indicated frequency (or the nearest frequency if 1 000 Hz is not provided); hearing level of 100 dB or at the maximum hearing level, whichever is the lower.

Lower limit of battery voltage used for the results in the following tables: ... V

Frequency setting Hz	Measured frequency Hz	Relative deviation %	mpe
			Type 1: 1 % Type 2: 2 % Types 3 to 5: 3 %

Hearing level control $L_{HL}$ dB	Measured SPL $L_m$ dB	RETSPL $L_{RETSPL}$ dB	Deviation $L_m - L_{RETSPL} - L_{HL}$ dB	mpe
				$\pm 3$ dB

Frequency setting Hz	Hearing level control dB	Total harmonic distortion %	mpe
			2.5 %

Remarks:

F.5 Supply voltage (cont.)

F.5.b Mains operation

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 5.4.3, 5.4.4 and 10.2b.

Test conditions: One earphone; indicated frequency 1 000 Hz (or the nearest frequency if 1 000 Hz is not provided); hearing level of 100 dB or at the maximum hearing level, whichever is the lower.

Least favorable combination within the limits of  $\pm 10\%$  supply voltage and  $\pm 5\%$  mains frequency used for the results in the following table:

.....V, ..... Hz

Frequency setting Hz	Measured frequency Hz	Relative deviation %	mpe
			Type 1: 1 % Type 2: 2 % Types 3 to 5: 3 %

Hearing level control $L_{HL}$ dB	Measured SPL $L_m$ dB	RETSPL $L_{RETSPL}$ dB	Deviation $L_m - L_{RETSPL} - L_{HL}$ dB	mpe
				$\pm 3$ dB

Frequency setting Hz	Hearing level control dB	Total harmonic distortion %	mpe
			2.5 %

For the following requirement no test method is specified in IEC 645-1. The testing laboratory should describe the method employed, and state the results.

Are the specifications also met for the following short term voltage reductions of the mains supply: reduction by 100 % for 10 ms, by 50 % for 20 ms, and by 20 % for 50 ms?

yes                       no

Remarks:

## F.6 Electrostatic and electromagnetic interference

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clause 5.4.5.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Note: IEC 645-1 does not specify, and in general it is not yet possible to specify, a method of evaluating the effect of these fields, applicable to all types of audiometers. The testing laboratory should describe the method employed, state the pass/fail criteria and state the results.

It is recommended that the unwanted sound from the transducer produced in the presence of the electromagnetic field should not exceed a level corresponding to 60 dB hearing level.

Remarks:

F.7 Unwanted sound

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clause 5.5.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

F.7.a Unwanted sounds from an earphone

a.1 **Either** measured by an indirect electrical method:

Test conditions: r.m.s. voltage (time weighted F) measured across a dummy load in place of the test earphone.

a.1.1 Hearing level control setting at 60 dB, tone switched “off”:

Was the electrical signal in each 1/3-octave band within the range 125 Hz to 8 kHz at least 10 dB below the signal corresponding to the RETSPL?

- yes
- no, at frequencies .....

a.1.2 Hearing level control set to 70 dB or greater, tone switched “on”:

Was the unwanted signal in the non-test earphone or a substitute dummy load at least 70 dB below the test tone?

- yes
- no, at frequencies .....

a.2 **Or** measured by a subjective method:

Test conditions: At least 2 otologically normal test subjects (HTL ≤ 10 dB up to 4 kHz and ≤ 15 dB above); test room appropriate according to clause 11 of ISO 8253-1; tests conducted in both “ON” and “OFF” position of tone switch; measurements at any setting of hearing level control; above 70 dB (250 Hz to 6 kHz) or 50 dB (outside 250 Hz to 6 kHz) with inserted electrical attenuator in the earphone connection.

Did any test subject detect sound other than the test sound from the test earphone or the non-test earphone respectively?

- no
- yes, at frequencies and settings of .....

Remarks:

F.7 Unwanted sound (cont.)

F.7.b Unwanted sound from a bone vibrator

Model designation of bone vibrator: .....

At the following test frequencies the bone vibrator will radiate sound to such an extent that the validity of the bone conduction measurement might be impaired:

Frequency Hz	Measured mean impairment dB	Measured maximum impairment dB	No impairment detected (+)
.....			( )
2 000			( )
3 000			( )
4 000			( )
6 000			( )
8 000			( )

The results above were measured by the following testing laboratory: .....

according to the measurement procedure given in clause 5.5.3 of IEC 645-1 by means of a number of ..... test subjects.

Note: If test results for the bone vibrator are available from a former test the measurements need not be repeated.

F.7.c Unwanted sound radiated by the audiometer

Test conditions: At least two test subjects (HTL  $\leq 10$  dB up to 4 kHz and  $\leq 15$  dB above), located at a distance of 1 m from the audiometer; electrical output of the audiometer absorbed in a resistive load; each setting of the hearing level dial up to and including 50 dB; the limitation on noise from controls applies only to noise that could furnish the patient with a clue which might influence the test result.  
 Note: The test is only to be performed for audiometers which are intended to be used in the same room as the test subject.

For the purpose of the following tests, the electrical output of the audiometer was terminated with a resistive load of .....  $\Omega$ .

c.1 Test subjects with unoccluded ears (in the case of bone conduction):

Was any sound audible to the test subjects due to the operation of the audiometer controls?

- yes, at frequencies .....
- no

c.2 Test subjects wearing a pair of disconnected earphones:

Was any sound audible to the test subjects due to the operation of the audiometer controls?

- yes, at frequencies .....
- no

Remarks:

### F.8 External signal input

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 6.2 and 7.2.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Are the frequency response characteristics of the acoustic output specified by the manufacturer (250 Hz to 8 000 Hz)?

yes  no

Is the external signal capable of being monitored by a signal indicator?

yes  no

If a signal indicator is provided:

Is the reading of the signal indicator that is considered to be a reference point for a 1 kHz pure tone specified by the manufacturer?

yes  no

Are the characteristics of the signal indicator (i.e. time weighting, dynamic range and rectifier characteristics) specified by the manufacturer?

yes  no

Is the signal indicator connected to a point in the circuit before the hearing level control?

yes  no

Is a 20 dB-gain adjustment provided in the overall level of the signal presented?

yes  no

Is the output level which is required to bring the monitor indicator to its reference indication stated by the manufacturer?

yes  no

Remarks:

**F.9 Frequency and hearing level range**

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 6.1.1, 8.1 and 8.2.1.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Provided frequency Hz	Air conduction Provided max. hearing level dB	Bone conduction Provided max. hearing level dB	Provided min. hearing level dB	Requirement of Table 4 of IEC 645-1 fulfilled? +   -

Remarks:



**F.10 Frequency accuracy**

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 6.1.2 and 8.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Temperature:

Nominal frequency Hz	Measured frequency Hz	Relative deviation %	mpe
			a) fixed frequency audiometers Type 1: 1 % Type 2: 2 % Types 3 to 5: 3 %  b) continuous sweep frequency audiometers: 5 %

Remarks:

**F.11 Harmonic distortion**

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 6.1.3 and 8.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Temperature:

**F.11.a Air conduction**

Hearing level: 75 dB for frequencies 125 Hz to 250 Hz, 90 dB for 315 Hz to 400 Hz, 110 dB for 500 Hz to 5 000 Hz, or relevant maximum output level for the audiometer, whichever is the lower.

Nominal frequency Hz	2nd harm. distortion %	3rd harm. distortion %	4th harm. distortion and higher %	Sub-harm. distortion %	Total harm. distortion %
mpe for 125 Hz to 5 000 Hz as % of sound pressure	2	2	0.3	0.3 (only 315 Hz to 5 000 Hz)	2.5

Remarks:

F.11 Harmonic distortion (cont.)

F.11.b Bone conduction

Hearing level: 20 dB for frequencies 250 Hz to 400 Hz, 50 dB for 500 Hz to 800 Hz, 60 dB for 1 000 Hz to 5 000 Hz, or relevant maximum output level for the audiometer, whichever is the lower.

Nominal frequency  Hz	2nd harm. distortion  %	3rd harm. distortion  %	4th harm. distortion and higher  %	Total harm. distortion  %
mpe for 250 Hz to 5 000 Hz as % of vibratory force	5	2	1	5.5

Remarks:

**F.12 Rate of frequency change**

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 6.1.4.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Temperature:

**F.12.a Sweep frequency audiometers**

Center octave frequency Hz	Rate of frequency change octave/min	mpe
		one of the rates shall be: 1 octave/min $\pm$ 20 %

Remarks:

**F.12.b Automatic recording audiometers with fixed frequencies**

Frequency Hz	Period s	Limit
		$\geq$ 30 s at each frequency

Remarks:

### F.13 Frequency modulation

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 6.1.5 and 10.2i.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Where frequency modulated signals are provided, is the:

- frequency of the modulating signal stated?

yes

no

- modulation wave form stated?

yes

no

- modulation range stated?

yes

no

Are the tolerances that apply to the above also stated?

yes

no

Remarks:

**F.14 Level accuracy**

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 7.3 and 8.2.4.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Temperature:

**F.14.a Air conduction**

**a.1 One channel connected to transducer**

Frequency Hz	Hearing level control $L_{HL}$ dB	Measured SPL $L_m$ dB	RETSPL $L_{RETSPL}$ dB	Deviation $L_m - L_{RETSPL} - L_{HL}$ dB	mpe
					125 Hz to 4 000 Hz: ± 3 dB
					> 4 000 Hz: ± 5 dB

Remarks:

F.14 Level accuracy (cont.)

F.14.a Air conduction (cont.)

a.1 Two or more channels connected to transducer

Frequency Hz	Hearing level control $L_{HL}$ dB	One channel connected Measured SPL $L_{C1}$ dB	More channels connected Measured SPL $L_{Cm}$ dB	Deviation $L_{C1}-L_{Cm}$ dB	mpe
					For all $L_{HL}$ up to $L_{HLmax} -20$ dB; 125 Hz to 4 000 Hz: $\pm 1$ dB > 4 000 Hz: $\pm 2$ dB

Remarks:

F.14 Level accuracy (cont.)

F.14.b Bone conduction

Frequency Hz	Hearing level control $L_{HL}$ dB	Measured FL $L_m$ (re 1 $\mu$ N) dB	RETFL $L_{RETFL}$ (re 1 $\mu$ N) dB	Deviation $L_m - L_{RETFL} - L_{HL}$ dB	mpe
					125 Hz to 4 000 Hz: $\pm 3$ dB
					> 4 000 Hz: $\pm 5$ dB

Remarks:



F.15 Hearing level control

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 7.4, 8.2.2, 8.2.4 and 8.2.5.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Temperature:

F.15.a Signal level and reference level

Hearing level control dB	Lowest frequency Measured SPL $L_{ci}$ dB	Difference $L_{ci} - L_{ci+1}$ dB	1 000 Hz Measured SPL $L_{ci}$ dB	Difference $L_{ci} - L_{ci+1}$ dB	Highest frequency Measured SPL $L_{ci}$ dB	Difference $L_{ci} - L_{ci+1}$ dB	mpe
							Measured difference between two successive indications of hearing level not more than 5 dB (manual audiometers) or 10 dB (automatic recording audiometers) apart: $\leq 3/10$ of indicated interval in dB, or 1 dB whichever is smaller.

For manual audiometers only:

Does the hearing level indicator have only one scale and one reference point common to all frequencies?

yes  no

Does the hearing level indicator have calibrated intervals of 5 dB or lower (Types 1 to 4 only)?

yes  no

Does the 0 dB setting of the hearing level indicator correspond to RETSPL at each frequency (Type 1 to 4 only)?

yes  no

Remarks:

F.15 Hearing level control (cont.)

F.15.b Signal level

For automatic recording audiometers only:

Rate of change: At least 2.5 dB/s for Types 1 to 3 audiometers, 2.5 dB/s or 5 dB/s for Type 4 audiometers; possible additional rates: 1.25 dB/s and 5 dB/s.

Provided rate of change dB/s	Requirement fulfilled? +   -	Measured rate of change at ..... Hz dB/s	Relative difference %	mpe
				± 20 %

Remarks:

F.15 Hearing level control (cont.)

F.15.c Reference level

Is the test tone or the reference tone adjustable in intervals of 2.5 dB or less (Types 1 and 2 only)?

yes  no

Does the operation of the reference tone level control influence the output of the test tone by more than  $\pm 1$  dB?

yes  no

..... Hz Hearing level setting dB	Measured level of test tone dB	Measured level of reference tone dB	Difference of measured levels dB	mpe
				500 Hz to 4 000 Hz: $\pm 3$ dB  all other frequencies: $\pm 5$ dB

Note: More than one frequency shall be tested.

Remarks:

**F.16 Tone switching**

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 7.6 and 8.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Temperature:

**F.16.a Manual and computer-controlled audiometers**

Test tones and reference tones

Frequency Hz	On/off ratio Hearing level		Rise/fall times "On"-position		Rise/fall times "Off"-position		Limits
	< 60 dB dB	> 60 dB dB	AC s	BC s	DH s	EG s	
							AC and DH: ≤ 200 ms
							BC and EG: ≥ 20 ms

SPL rise between B and C without discontinuities?

yes  no (..... Hz)

SPL fall between E and G without discontinuities?

yes  no (..... Hz)

Overshoots larger than 1 dB?

yes (..... Hz)  no

Undershoots larger than 1 dB?

yes (..... Hz)  no

For computer-controlled audiometers only:

Time available for a subject to respond to a test stimulus specified?

yes  no

Algorithm for the test procedure specified?

yes  no

Remarks:

F.16 Tone switching (cont.)

F.16.b Automatic recording audiometers

Change from automatic pulsed to continuous test tones available?

yes  no

Frequency Hz	On/off ratio dB	Pulse sequence				Limits
		Rise time BC s	Fall time EG s	On phase CE s	On/off times FJ/JK s	
						BC and EG each: $\geq 20$ ms; $\leq 50$ ms  CE: $\geq 150$ ms  FJ and JK each: $(225 \pm 35)$ ms

SPL rise between B and C without discontinuities?

yes  no (..... Hz)

SPL fall between E and G without discontinuities?

yes  no (..... Hz)

Remarks:

**F.17 Level range (Masking sound)**  
 The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 7.5.4.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Requirement: Maximum hearing level of masking sound at least:  
 60 dB at 250 Hz, 75 dB at 500 Hz and 80 dB from 1 kHz to 4 kHz.

Visual check:

Frequency Hz	Maximum hearing level of masking sound dB	Requirement fulfilled?		Level adjustable from 0 dB to the required HL fulfilled?	
		+	-	+	-

Remarks:

F.18 Frequency spectrum (Masking sound)  
 The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 6.3 and 10.2n.

Application No: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Model designation: \_\_\_\_\_ Observer: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Serial number: \_\_\_\_\_ Temperature: \_\_\_\_\_

F.18.a Narrow-band noise

a.1 Cut-off frequencies

Test conditions: Measurement of sound pressure spectrum density level  $L_D$ ; band limits at  $-3$  dB points of  $L_D$ , referred to  $L_D$  at center frequency; coupler measurements up to 5 kHz, electrical measurements across transducer terminals above 5 kHz.

mpe: Cut-off frequencies  $f_1$  and  $f_u$  shall lie within the band limits  $f_1$  (min.),  $f_1$  (max.) or  $f_u$  (min.),  $f_u$  (max.) respectively, given in Table 6 of IEC 645-1.

Upper and lower cut-off frequencies:

Center frequency Hz	Lower cut-off frequency $f_1$			Upper cut-off frequency $f_u$		
	$f_1$ (min.) Hz	Measured $f_1$ Hz	$f_1$ (max.) Hz	$f_u$ (min.) Hz	Measured $f_u$ Hz	$f_u$ (max.) Hz

Remarks:

F.18 Frequency spectrum (Masking sound) (cont.)

F.18.a Narrow-band noise

a.2 Decay of  $L_D$  outside band limits

Test conditions: Measurement of sound pressure spectrum density level shall be made acoustically for frequencies up to 5 kHz and electrically across transducer terminals above 5 kHz. Measurements are not required outside the range from 31.5 Hz to 10 kHz.

mpe:  $L_D$  shall fall outside  $f_l$  or  $f_u$  at a rate of at least 12 dB per octave for at least 3 octaves and shall not rise above -36 dB relative to  $L_D$  at center frequency  $f_0$  thereafter.

$< 1/8 f_l$	$1/8 f_l$	$1/4 f_l$	$1/2 f_l$	Frequencies in Hz			$2 f_u$	$4 f_u$	$8 f_u$	$> 8 f_u$
				$f_l$	$f_0$	$f_u$				
				Level $L_D(f)$ in dB						
				-----						
$L_D(f) - L_D(f_l)$ in dB				-----			$L_D(f) - L_D(f_u)$ in dB			
				-----						
				-----						
				-----						
				-----						
				-----						

Remarks:



F.18 Frequency spectrum (Masking sound) (cont.)

F.18.b Broad-band noise

Test conditions: Measurements in the acoustic coupler or artificial ear for all frequencies.

b.1 White noise

Sound pressure spectrum density level  $L_D$ :

Frequency Hz	$L_D$ (f) dB	Difference $L_D$ (f) - $L_D$ (1 kHz) dB	mpe
250			$\pm 5$ dB
315			
400			
500			
630			
800			
1 000			
1 250			
1 600			
2 000			
2 500			
3 150			
4 000			

Remarks:

F.18 Frequency spectrum (Masking sound) (cont.)

F.18.b Broad-band noise

Test conditions: Measurements in the acoustic coupler or artificial ear for all frequencies.

b.2 Weighted broad-band noise

Sound pressure spectrum density level  $L_D$ :

Frequency Hz	$L_D$ (f) dB	RETSPL $L_{RETSPL}$ dB	Difference $L_D$ (f) - $L_{RETSPL}$ dB	mpe
250				$\pm 5$ dB
315				
400				
500				
630				
800				
1 000				
1 250				
1 600				
2 000				
2 500				
3 150				
4 000				

Remarks:

b.3 Other masking sounds

Are the spectral properties of the masking sound provided specified by the manufacturer?

yes                       no

**F.19 Level accuracy (Masking sound)**  
 The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 7.5.2 and 7.5.3.

Application No: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Model designation: \_\_\_\_\_ Observer: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Serial number: \_\_\_\_\_ Temperature: \_\_\_\_\_

Frequency Hz	Masking level control $L_{HL}$ dB	Measured SPL $L_m$ dB	RETSPL $L_{RETSPL}$ dB	Deviation $L_m - L_{RETSPL} - L_{HL}$ dB	mpe
					+ 5 dB / -3 dB

For narrow-band noise:  
 Masking level control calibrated in decibels of effective masking (ISO 389-4)?  
 yes                                       no

For other sounds:  
 Masking level control calibrated in SPL or in effective masking?  
 yes                                       no

Overall SPL and SPL in 1/3 octave bands over the usable frequency range specified by the manufacturer?  
 yes                                       no

Remarks:

**F.20 Level control (Masking sound)**  
 The test refers to IEC 645-1, clause 7.5.3.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Temperature:

Hearing level control dB	Lowest frequency Measured SPL $L_{ci}$ dB	Difference $L_{ci} - L_{ci+1}$ dB	1 000 Hz Measured SPL $L_{ci}$ dB	Difference $L_{ci} - L_{ci+1}$ dB	Highest frequency Measured SPL $L_{ci}$ dB	Difference $L_{ci} - L_{ci+1}$ dB	mpe
							Measured difference between two successive indications of hearing level not more than $\pm 5$ dB apart: $\leq 3/10$ of indicated interval in dB or 1 dB, whichever is smaller

Remarks:

F.21 Earphones

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 9.1 and 10.2j.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Model designation of earphone:

Type: supra-aural ..... insert ..... circum-aural ..... (+)

Headband force: .....N (Nominal value and tolerance: .....N ± ..... N)

Left and right earphone readily identifiable?

yes

no

not applicable

RETSPL values standardized in ISO ..... or measured by the following national metrology institute: .....

Coupler used for calibration: .....

Sound attenuation measured in accordance with ISO 4869-1 by the following testing laboratory: .....

Note: If test results for the earphone are available from a former test the measurements need not be repeated.

In the case of a supra-aural earphone: Does the earphone meet all requirements in clause 9.1.1 of IEC 645-1?

yes

no

Remarks:

**F.22 Bone vibrator**

The test refers to IEC 645-1, clauses 9.2 and 10.2d.

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Model designation of bone vibrator:

Mastoid application (headband width 145 mm): ..... (+)

Forehead application (headband width 190 mm): ..... (+)

Headband force: ..... N (Nominal value and mpe: 5.4 N ± 0.5 N)

Does the vibrator meet the requirements of clause 9.2.1 of IEC 645-1?

yes

no

Remarks:

F.23 Inscriptions and marks

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Serial number:

Inscription or mark	+	-
Manufacturer's name or trade mark		
Model designation and serial number		
Type of audiometer		
Marking of transducers		
List of accessories where appropriate		
Seals or marks to protect		
Place for verification mark		

Remarks:

F.24 Instruction manual

Application No:

Date:

Model designation:

Observer:

Information	+	-
Description of facilities and full operating instructions		
Permissible supply variation and environmental range		
Installation of the audiometer in order to minimize unwanted sound		
RETSPL or RETFL of all transducers and their origin		
Coupler (s) used for calibration		
Headband force (s)		
Mastoid or forehead placement of bone vibrator		
Frequency response characteristics and masking effect of the masking sounds provided		
Warm-up time		
Sensitivities and nominal impedances of all input facilities		
Voltage and nominal impedances of all output facilities		
Pin assignment of all external plug connections		
Mode of operation and rate of change of SPL of automatic recording audiometers		
Rate of change of frequency for audiometers with continuously variable frequency		
Characteristics of frequency modulated signals		
Sound attenuation of earphones		
Damage temperature		
Maximum hearing level settings at each test frequency		
Effects of airborne sound radiation of bone vibrator and means to obtain correct test results		
Actual bandwidth of narrow-band masking sound		
Method of calibration for broad-band masking sound		
Time window for subject's response of a computer-controlled audiometer		
Type of battery, battery check and replacement, expected battery lifetime		
Maintenance and calibration procedures and schedules		
Interface (s) for a computer or printer		

Remarks: