FINAL DRAFT INTERNATIONAL RECOMMENDATION

Revision of R 106-2

Automatic rail-weighbridges. Part 2: Test report format

NOTE:

Final Drafts are made available pending final editing of the publication by the BIML



Organisation Internationale de Métrologie Légale

International Organization of Legal Metrology

FOREWORD

Standard Foreword to be added by the BIML on final editing



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1 Introduction

This "Test Report Format" aims to present, in a standardized format, the results of the various tests and examinations to which a type of an automatic instrument for weighing rail-weighbridges shall be submitted with a view to its approval.

The test report format consists of two parts, a "Checklist" and the "Test Report" itself.

The checklist is a summary of the examinations carried out on the instrument. It includes the conclusions of the results of the test performed, experimental or visual checks based on the requirements of Part 1. The words or condensed sentences aim at reminding the examiner of the requirements in R 106-1 without reproducing them.

The test report is a record of the results of the tests carried out on the instrument. The test report forms have been produced based on the tests detailed in R 106-1.

All metrology services or laboratories evaluating types of automatic instruments for weighing rail wagons in motion (wagon mass) accordingly to R 106-1 or to national or regional regulations based on this OIML Recommendation are strongly advised to use this Test Report Format, directly or after translation into a language other than English or French. Its direct use in English or in French, or in both languages, is even more strongly recommended whenever test results may be transmitted by the country performing these tests to the approving authorities of another country, under bi- or multilateral cooperation agreements. In the framework of the OIML Certificate System for measuring instruments, use of this test report format is mandatory.

The "information concerning the test equipment used for type evaluation" shall cover all test equipment which has been used in determining the test results given in a report. The information may be a short list containing only essential data (name, type, reference number for purpose of traceability). For example:

- Verification standards (accuracy, or accuracy class, and no.)
- Simulator for testing of modules (name, type, traceability and no.)
- Climatic test and static temperature chamber (name, type and no.)
- Electrical tests, bursts, surges (name of the instrument, type and no.)
- Description of the procedure of field calibration for the test of immunity to radiated electromagnetic fields

Note concerning the numbering of the following pages:

In addition to a sequential numbering: "R 106-2 page ..." at the bottom of the pages of this publication, a special place is left at the top of each page (starting with the following page) for numbering the pages of reports established following this model; in particular, some tests (e.g. metrological performance tests) shall be repeated several times, each test being reported individually on a separate page following the relevant format; in the same way, a multiple range instrument shall be tested separately for each range and a separate form (including the general information form) shall be filled out for each range. For a given report, it is advisable to complete the sequential numbering of each page by the indication of the total number of pages of the report.

2 Applicability of this Test Report Format

In this framework of the *OIML Basic Certificate Systems for Measuring Instruments*, and the OIML *Mutual Acceptance Arrangement* (MAA) applicable to instruments for weighing automatic rail-weighbridges in conformity with OIML R 106-1, use of this report format is mandatory, in French and/or in English with translation into national languages of the countries issuing such certificates, if applicable.

Implementation of this Test Report Format is informative with regard to the implementation of the OIML Recommendation R 106-1 in national regulations.

3 Guidance for the application of this Test Report Format

Key to the symbols and expressions used in the following pages:

Symbols	Meaning
I	Indication
I_n	$n^{\rm th}$ indication
${L}$	Load
ΔL	Additional load to next changeover point
P	$I + 1/2 d - \Delta L =$ Indication prior to rounding (digital indication)
E	I - L or $P - L = Error$
$E_{ m c}$	Corrected error
E_0	Error at zero load
d	Actual scale interval
d_{s}	Stationary scale interval
p_i	Fraction of the MPE applicable to a module of the instrument which is examined separately.
MPE	Maximum permissible error
EUT	Equipment under test
Max	Maximum capacity of the weighing instrument
Min	Minimum capacity of the weighing instrument
$U_{ m nom}$	Nominal voltage value marked on the instrument
$U_{ m max}$	Highest value of a voltage range marked on the instrument
$U_{ m min}$	Lowest value of a voltage range marked on the instrument
$v_{ m min}$	Minimum operating speed
$v_{ m max}$	Maximum operating speed
e.m.f	Electromotive force
I/O	Input / Output ports
RF	Radio frequency
V/m	Volts Per Meter
kV	kilovolt
DC	Direct current
AC	Alternating current
MHz	Megahertz
nw_{\min}	Minimum number of wagons per train
nw_{max}	Maximum number of wagons per train

The name(s) or symbol(s) of the unit(s) used to express test results shall be specified in each form.

For each test, the "SUMMARY OF TYPE EVALUATION" and the "CHECKLIST" shall be completed according to this example:

when the instrument has passed the test:
when the instrument has failed the test:
when the test is not applicable:

 $\begin{array}{c|c} P & F & P = Passed \\ \hline X & & & \\ \end{array}$

The white spaces in boxes in the headings of the report should always be filled according to the following example:

	At start	At end	
Temp.:	20.5	21.1	°C
Rel. h.:			%
Date:	2012-10-29	2012-10-30	yyyy-mm-dd
Time:	16:00:05	16:30:25	hh:mm:ss
Bar Pres.:			hPa

[&]quot;Date" in the test report refers to the date that the test was performed.

In the disturbance tests, faults greater than d are acceptable provided that they are detected and acted upon, or that they result from circumstances such that these faults shall not be considered as significant; an appropriate explanation shall be given in the column "Yes (remarks)".

Section numbers in brackets refer to the corresponding subclauses of R 106-1.

4 The evaluation report

The format of the report is given on the following pages.

A GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE TYPE

Application no.:		Manufacturer:		
Type designation:		Applicant:		
Instrument category:				
Testing on:	Full draught weighbridge Complete instrument	Partial-dra	ught weighbridge	
Accuracy class:	0.2	1	2	
Maximum capacity = Minimum capacity =	Max wagon wei		$n_{\text{max}} = $ $n_{\text{min}} = $	$v_{\text{max}} = v_{\text{min}} = v_{\text{min}}$
T = +		Γ = -	d =	$d_{s}=$
$U_{ m nom}$ $=$	$V \qquad U_{\min} = $ $V \qquad U$	$V_{\text{max}} = $	f = Hz Batte	ry, U = V
Zero-setting device:				
Nonautomatic				
Semi-automatic				
Automatic zero-set	tting			
Initial zero-setting				
Zero-tracking		· ·		
Initial zero-setting rang	ge % of Max	Te	mperature range	°C
Printer: Built	-in Connected	Non present bu	ut connectable	No connection
Instrument submitted:		Load sensor:		
Identification N°:		M		
Software version:				
Connected equipment:		Capacity:		
		Number:		
Interfaces (number, natu	ure):	Classification	symbol:	
		Remarks:		
Evaluation period:				
Date of report:				
Observer:				

¹ The test equipment (simulator or part of a complete instrument) connected to the module shall be defined in the test form(s) used.

A GENERAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE TYPE (continued)

Use this space to indicate additional remarks and / or information: other connected equipment, interfaces and load cells, choice of the manufacturer regarding protection against disturbances, etc.



B IDENTIFICA	ATION OF TH	IE INSTRUMENT			
Application no.:			Type designation:		
Identification no.:			Manufacturer:		
Software version:					
Report date:					
Manufacturing Docum	nentation				
(Record as necessary t	o identify the e	quipment under test)			
System or modul	e name	Drawing number or	software reference	Issue level	Serial no.
Simulator documentat	ion				
System or modul	e name	Drawing number or	software reference	Issue level	Serial no.
	•••••				
Simulator function (su	mmary)				
(Simulator description	and drawings,	block diagram etc. shou	ld be attached to the rep	port if available.)	

B IDENTIFICATION OF THE INSTRUMENT (continued)

Description or other information pertaining to identification of the instrument: (attach photograph here if available)



C INFORMATION CONCERNING THE TEST EQUIPMENT USED FOR TYPE EVALUATION

C.1 TEST EQUI	PMENT			
Application no.:		Type designation	:	
Report date:		Manufacturer:		
List all test equipmen	t used in this report (including o	lescriptions of the reference	e vehicles used for testin	g)
Equipment name	Manufacturer	Type no.	Serial no.	Used for (test references)
				J

Report Number	OIMI R106-2	Report Page of

~ -				
C2	CONFIGU	RATION	FOR	TEST

Application no.:	 Type designation:	
Report date:	 Manufacturer:	

Use this space for additional information relating to equipment configuration, interfaces, data rates, load cells EMC protection options etc. for the instrument and / or simulator.



D	SUMMAI	RY OF TYPE	EVALUATION

Application no.:	 Type designation:	
Report date:		

Section R106-2		TESTS	Report page	Passed	Failed	Remarks
Е	Zero-setting					
F	Warm-up time					
G.1	Static temperatures					
G.2	Temperature effect of	n no load indication				
G.3	Damp heat, steady st	ate				
G.4	Mains or battery pow	ver supply variations				
H.1	AC mains short time	power reduction				
H.2	Bursts/transients on:	Mains power supply lines				
		Signal and communication lines				
H.3	Surges on:	Mains power supply lines				
		Any other kind of power supply lines				
		Signal and communication lines				
H.4	Electrostatic	Direct application				
	discharges:	Indirect application (contact discharges only)				
H.5	Immunity to	Radiated				
	electromagnetic fields:	Conducted	•			
I	Span stability test					
J.1	Accuracy of zero-set	ting				
J.2	Determination of we					
J.2.1	Weighing test					
J.2.2	Eccentricity test					
J.2.3	Discrimination test					
J.2.4	Repeatability test					
J.2.5	Stability of	Printing, storage				
	equilibrium:	Zero-setting				
K.1	Full-draught weighin	g of reference wagons				
K.2	Partial-draught weigh	ning of reference wagons				
K.3	Rail-alignment correct	ction procedure				
L	In-motion weighing					
M	Examination of the c	onstruction				
N	Checklist					

D SUMMARY OF TYPE EVALUATION (continued)

Use this page to detail remarks from the summary of the type evaluation.



Application no.:	 Temp.:		°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:		%
Observer:	 Date:		yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:	 Time:		hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	 Bar. Pres.:		hPa
(smaller than d)			

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$ E = I - L or P - L = Error

E.1 Range of zero-setting (A.5.2.1)

Zero-setting mode	Positive zero limit load,	Negative zero limit	Range, $L_1 + L_2$	% of maximum load
	L_1	load, L_2		
Passed	Failed			
	<u> </u>			

Remarks:

E.2 Accuracy of zero-setting (A.5.2.2)

Zero-setting mode	ΔL	$E = \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L$	MPE

	Passed			Failed
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F	WARM-UP	TIME	(4.3.4, A.6.1)	

						At start		At end		
Application no	o.:			Temp.:						°C
Type designat	ion:			Rel. h.:						%
Observer:				Date:						yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale	interval, d:			Time:						hh:mm:ss
Resolution du	ring test:			Bar. Pres	s.:					hPa
(smaller than a	<i>d</i>)									•
Duration of o	disconnection	before test:				hrs				
Automatic ze	ro-setting an	d zero-tracking dev	vice is:							
Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range						In	opera	tion ²		
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \frac{1}{2}$ $E_0 = \text{error calc}$ $E_L = \text{error calc}$	ulated prior t	to each measureme d (loaded)	ent at zero	or near z	zero (unloaded)		0		
	time	Load,	Indic	ation,	A	.dd. load,		Б		Г. Г.
	(*)	L		I		ΔL		Error		$E_{\rm L}$ - E_0
Unloaded							E_{0I} =	=		
Loaded	0 min						$E_{\rm L}$ =			
	ı	l.	<u>I</u>				7		1	
Unloaded							E_0 =	:		
Loaded	5 min						$E_{\rm L}$ =	:		
Unloaded	15 .						E_0 =	:		
Loaded	15 min						$E_{\rm L}$ =	:		
	1								I	
Unloaded	20			7			$E_0 =$:		
Loaded	30 min						$E_{\rm L}$ =			
(*) Count		noment an indicati	or	rst appear	ed.	MPE				
		zero-setting error,		1 5		$\leq 0.25 d$				
Check if:		num value of error				$\leq 0.25 d$				
		num value of zero				\leq 0.25 <i>d</i>				
	d) Maxin	num value of error	loaded, I	$E_{ m L}$ - E_0		$\leq 0.25 \ d \times B$	O_i			
Passed		Failed								
Remarks:										

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ In operation only if zero operates as part of every automatic weighing cycle

Check if $E_c \leq MPE$	
Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

Check if $E_c \le MPE$
Passed Failed
Remarks:

Check II $E_c \leq MPE$	
Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

G.1.4	Static temperatures	(5°C if the specified low	temperature is $< 0^{\circ}$ C)
U.1.T	Static temperatures	13 C II the specifica low	temperature is ≥ 0

					At	start	At end		
Application no	.:			Temp.:				°C	;
Type designation	on:			Rel. h.	:			%	
Observer:				Date:				уу	yy-mm-dd
Control scale i	interval, d:			Time:				hh	:mm:ss
Resolution dur	ing test			Bar. Pr	es.:			hF	' a
(smaller than d):				<u> </u>		_ !		
Automatic zer			ing device i		Out of work	ing range		In operation	
							<u>—</u>		
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$ $E_{c} = E - E_{0} \text{ wit}$	L - L th $E_0 = \text{error}$	calculated a	at or near ze	ro (*)					
Load, L	Indica	tion, I	Add. Δ	load, <i>L</i>	Erro	or, E	Corrected	l error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
	\downarrow	\uparrow	\downarrow	↑	1	1	\	↑	
(*)					(*)				
_									
Check if $E_{\rm c} \leq N$	МРЕ								
		7							
Passed		Failed							

G.1.5	Static temperatures	(Reference tem	nerature of 20°C)
G.1.5	Static temperatures	(Ittici ciice teiii	peracure or accept

					At	start	At end		
Application no	o.:			Temp.:				°(2
Type designati	on:			Rel. h.	:			%	
Observer:				Date:				уу	yy-mm-dd
Control scale	interval, d:			Time:				hl	n:mm:ss
Resolution during test:(smaller than <i>d</i>)					es.:			hl	Pa
smaller than d)									
Automatic zer	ro-setting an	d zero-track	ing device i	s:					
Non-exist	ent	Not in	operation		Out of work	ing range		In operation	
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$ $E_{c} = E - E_{0} \text{ with}$		calculated a	nt or near ze	ero (*)				X	
Load, L	Indica	tion, I		load, <i>L</i>	Erro	or, E	Corrected	d error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
	↓	\uparrow	\downarrow	↑	↓	↑	1	1	
(*)					(*)				
	•								
Cl. Life (1	ADE								
Check if $E_c \leq N$	VIPE								
Passed		Failed							
Remarks:									

ΔP = difference of P for two consecutive tests at different temperatures
Δ Temp = difference of temperature for two consecutive tests at different temperatures
Check if the zero-change per 5 °C is smaller than d

Passed

Failed

G.3 I	Damp heat,	steady state	(4.3.3, A.7.2.3)
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Remarks:

G.3.1 Reference temperature of 20 °C and 50 % humidity

					At	start h	After 2	At end	
Application n	o.:			Ten	np.:				°C
Type designat				Rel.	h.:				%
Observer:				Da	ate:				yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale	interval, d:			Tiı	me:				hh:mm:ss
Resolution du				Bar. Pre	s:				hPa
(smaller than									
Automatic zer	o-setting an	d zero-track	ing device i	s:					
Non-exist			operation		Out of work	ing range	· [In operation	on
							_		
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta$ $E_{c} = E - E_{0} \text{ wit}$		calculated a	at or near ze	ro (*)					
Load, L	Indica	tion, I	Add. Δ		Er	ror	Corre	cted error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
	\downarrow	↑	\downarrow Δ	\uparrow	\downarrow	\uparrow	\	1	
(*)					(*)				
							7		
			7						
			~						
Check if $E_c \leq N$	МРЕ	₩							
Passed		Failed							

G.3	Damp	heat,	steady	state	(continued)
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G.3.2	Upper limit temperature (°C) and 85 % humidity

		At start	After 2	At end	
		ŀ	nours		
Application no.:	 Temp.:				°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:				%
Observer:	 Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :	 Time:				hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	 Bar. Pres:				hPa
(smaller than d)	-				

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$ $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero (*)

Load, L	Indica	tion, I	Add.	load, L	Error		Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$		MPE
	\downarrow	\uparrow	\downarrow	↑	\downarrow	\uparrow	1	1	
(*)					(*)				•

Check if $E_c \le MPE$	
Passed	Failed

G.3	Damp	heat.	steady	state	(continued)	١

G.3.3 Reference temperature of 20 $^{\circ}$ C and 50 $^{\circ}$ C humidity

		At start	After 2	At end	
	_		hours		_
Application no.:	 Temp.:				°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:				%
Observer:	 Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, <i>d</i> :	 Time:				hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	 Bar. Pres:				hPa
(smaller than d)					_

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$ $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or near zero (*)

Load, L	Indice	ntion, I	Add	load,	Er	ror	Corrected	orror F	MPE
Load, L	Indica	111011, <i>I</i>	Add.	ioau,	Error		Corrected	enor E _c	MIPE
	↓	↑	\downarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{\downarrow}$	L \uparrow	\downarrow	↑		1	
(34)	¥	1				<u> </u>	•		
(*)					(*)				

Check if $E_c \le MPE$
Passed Failed
Remarks:

G.4 Mains or battery power supply voltage variations (2.7.2, A.7.2.4, A.7.2.5, A.7.2.6)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	Bar. Pres.:			hPa
(smaller than <i>d</i>)				
AC mains power supply, A.7.2.4 DC mains power supply, A.7.2.5				
Battery power supply (DC), A.7.2.6				
Supply voltage ³ : $U_{\text{nom}} =$	$oxed{V}$ $U_{ ext{min}}$ =	V	U _{max} =	v
Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking dev Non-existent Not in opera		working range	In operation	on
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$ $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated at or $E_0 = E_0$	near zero			
Category of power supply (if an instrument h	nas more than one power	supplies):		

Voltage	U (V)	Load,	Indication, I	Add. load, ΔL	Error, E	Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$	MPE
Reference value							
Reference value							
Lower limit							
Upper limit							

 $^{^3}$ Calculate lower and upper limits of applied voltages according to 2.7.2. If a voltage-range (U_{\min}/U_{\max}) is marked, use the average value as reference value.

	(V)	L	I	ΔL	E	error, $E_{\rm c}$	
D.C. I							
Reference value							
Lower limit							
Lower limit							
Unner limit							
Upper limit							

Passed	Failed

H.1 AC mains voltage dips and short interruptions (A.7.3.1)

				At start	At e	nd	
Application no.:			Temp.:			°C	
Type designation	n:		Rel. h.:			%	
Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-d	dd
Control scale in	terval, d:		Time:			hh:mm:ss	
Resolution durin	ng test:		Bar. Pres.:			hPa	
(smaller than d)							
Automatic zero	-setting and zero-t	racking device is:					
Non-exister		ot in operation	Out of	f working range		In operation	
Marked nomin	al voltage (U_{nom})	or voltage range ⁴ :		V			
Load, L							
	Disturb	oance			Result		
Amplitude	Duration	Number of	Repetition	Indication,		fault (> d) or	
% of U_{nom}	cycles	disturbances	interval (s)	I		and reaction s (remarks)	
	without di	sturbance					
0	0.5	10					
0	1	10					
40	10	10					
70	25	10					
80	250	10					
0	250	10					
Passed	Failed						
Note: If sign record		detected and acted	l upon, or if th	e EUT fails, the	e test point at	which this occurs sh	all b

 $[\]overline{4}$ If a voltage range is marked, use the average value as reference U_{nom} .

H.2	Burst/fast transients on the	e mains power supply	lines and on signal and	communication lines (A.7.3.2)
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ower supply lines
C

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d:		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:		Bar. Pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d) Automatic zero-setting and	zero-tracking device is:				
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of	working range	In opera	tion
Load, L					
Voltage supply lines: test vo	oltage 2.0 kV (peak value)), duration of the	e test > 1 minute a	at each polarity	

Disturba	Disturbance			Result				
Disturbance	Polarity	Indication, I		Significant fault (> d) detection and reaction Yes (remarks)				
W	ithout disturbance							
Line	pos							
yground	neg							
W	ithout disturbance							
Neutral	pos							
ground	neg							
without disturbance								
Protective earth	pos							
ground	neg							

	Passed		Faile	d	

If significant faults are detected and acted upon, or if the EUT fails, the test point at which this occurs shall be recorded.

H.2 Burst/fast transients on the mains power supply lines and on signal and communication lines

H.2.2 Signal and	communication lin	es	At	start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:	710	Start I	7 H Chu	°C
Type designation:		- ·				%
Observer:		Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval,	d:	Tr.				hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:						hPa
(smaller than d)						
Automatic zero-setting						
Non-existent	Not in operation	tion Out	of working	range	In operat	ion
Load, L						
Signal and communication	cation lines: test volt	age 1.0 kV, duration	of the test >	→ 1 minute a	at each polarity	
Distur	bance		Resu	ılt	7/1	
Bursts on cable /		Indication,		ignificant f		
interface	Polarity	Ι	No or o	detection ar	nd reaction (remarks)	_
(Type, nature)	without disturbance		NO	i es (Temarks)	
	pos					
						+
	neg without disturbance					
	pos					•
	•					_
	neg					
	without disturbance					-
	pos				_	4
	neg					
	without disturbance					
	pos					
	neg					
	without disturbance					
	pos					
	neg					
	without disturbance					
	pos					
	neg					1
Explain or make a sket	ch indicating where th	e clamp is located on	the cable;	use an addi	tional page.	
Passed	Failed					
Note: If significant recorded.	faults are detected ar	nd acted upon, or if	the EUT fa	ils, the test	t point at which t	his occurs shall be
Remarks:						

H.3 Surges on mains power supply lines and on signal and communication lines (A.7.3.3)

H.3.1	Mains	power	supply	lines ⁵
11.5.1	Mains	power	suppry	mics

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval d:	Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	Bar. Pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)				
Automatic zero-setting and zero-tracking device is: Non-existent Not in operation	Out of	working range	In opera	tion
	Out of	working range	In opera	tion

_

 $[\]overline{^{5}}$ Test voltage 1.0 kV (line to line) and 2.0 kV (line to earth) for 1 minute at each amplitude and polarity

		Distu	rbance			Result				
3 positive a	and 3 n	egative AC supp	surges s ly volta	synchro ge	nously with			Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction		
Amplitude/		ar	igle		Polarity	Indication		of detection and feaction		
apply on	0°	90°	180°	270°	Totality		No	Yes (remarks)		
				withou	t disturbance					
1.0117	X				pos					
	Λ				neg					
1.0 kV line		v			pos					
ime ↓ neutral		X			neg					
			37		pos					
			X		neg					
				***	pos					
				X	neg					
				withou	t disturbance					
					pos					
2.0 kV	X				neg					
line					pos					
↓ protective		X			neg					
earth					pos					
			X		neg					
					pos					
				X	neg					
			1	withou	t disturbance					
					pos					
	X				neg					
2.0 kV					pos					
neutral ↓		X			neg					
protective					pos					
earth			X		neg					
					pos					
				X	neg					

Passed Fail			
	Passed		Fail

H.3 Surges on mains power supply lines and on signal and communication lines (A.7.3.3)

H.3.2 Any other	kind of power supp	oly ⁶			At start	A	At end	
Application no.: Type designation: Observer: Control scale interva Resolution during tes (smaller than d)	l, <i>d</i> :		Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time: Bar. Pres.:					°C % yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss hPa
Kind or type of powe	r supply DC		Other fo	rm			Voltage	
Automatic zero-setti Non-existent Load, L	ng and zero-tracking Not in op		Out	of worki	ng range		In opera	tion
Disturb	oance			Re	esult			
3 positive and 3 i	negative surges.	Indi	cation	Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction				
Amplitude / apply on	Polarity		I	No		Yes (ren	narks)	
	vithout disturbance							
1.0 kV line ↓	pos							
neutral	vithout disturbance							
2.0 kV	pos							
line↓ protective earth	neg		>					
v	vithout disturbance							
2.0 kV neutral protective earth	pos							
Use another page for	additional test set-u	p informatio	on.					
Passed	Failed							
Note: If significan recorded.	nt faults are detecte	d and acted	upon, or if t	he EUT	fails, the	test poin	nt at which	this occurs shall be
Remarks:								

 $^{^6}$ Test voltage 1.0 kV (line to line) and 2.0 kV (line to earth) for 1 minute at each amplitude and polarity

H.3	Surges on mains	power supply	lines and o	on signal and	communication	lines (A.7.3	3.3
	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	PO 11 02 D02 PP2,		· »- <u>-</u>		(,,,,,

H.3.3 Surges on signal and communication lines

				At start	At end	
Application no.:		•••••	Temp:			l °C
Type designation:			Rel. h:			%
Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
		••••••				
Control scale inter	val, <i>d</i> :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during	test:	J	Bar. Pres:			hPa
(smaller than d)						•
Automatic zero-set	ting device is:					
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of	working range	, <u> </u>	In operation	
Tron existent	1 tot in operation		working runge	_	_ in operation	
Result sheet						
				Result		
Cable/Interface	Polarity	T 1	Indication,		Significant f	ault (>1 d)
	, ,	Load	I	No		(remarks)
withou	t disturbance					
C/1,1	pos					
	neg					
withou	t disturbance					
C/1,2	pos					
	neg			_		
withou	t disturbance					
C/1,3	pos					
with an	neg t disturbance					
Williou						
C/1,4	pos neg					
withou	t disturbance					
	pos					
C/1,5	neg					
withou	t disturbance					
	pos					
C/1,6	neg					
	1.8					
Note: Explain or n	nake a sketch indicating v	where the clamp is l	ocated on the c	cable; if nec	essary, add add	litional page.

Note:	Explain or	make a ske	tch indicating v	where the clar	np is located	on the cable;	if necessary, add	d additional p
1	Passed		Failed					
			- 4					
Remarl	ks:		~					

H.4 Electrostatic discharges (A.7.3.4)

H.4.1	Direct	application
11.7.1	DHECL	application

				At start	At end		
Application no.:			Гетр.:			°C	
Type designation:		І	Rel. h.:			%	
Observer:		I	Date:			yyyy-mm-dd	
Control scale inter	val, <i>d</i> :		Гіте:			hh:mm:ss	
Resolution during	test:	I	Bar. Pres.:			hPa	
(smaller than d)						_	
Contact	discharges		Paint penet	ration			
Air discl	narges		Polarity ⁷	:	pos	Neg	
Automatic zero-so Non-existent Load, L	etting and zero-trac	king device is: n operation	Out of wo	orking rang	ge In oper	ation	
	Discharges				Result		
Test	Number of discharges	Repetition interval	Indication,		Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction		
Voltage ⁸ (kV)	≥ 10	(s)	I	No	Yes (remarks, test		
(42.7)	W	ithout disturbance					
2							
4							
6							
8 (air discharges	3)						
Passed	Failed		1				
70 10			10.1 =	T TTD C 11			
Note: If signification recorded		ected and acted up	oon, or if the E	UT fails, t	the test point at which	this occurs shall be	

Tiec 61000-4-2 specifies that the test shall be conducted with the most sensitive polarity.

Tests shall be performed at the specified lower levels, starting with 2 kV and proceeding with 2 kV steps up to and including the level specified above in accordance with IEC 61000-4-2.

H.4	Electrostatic	discharges	(A.7.3.4)
П.4	Liectrostatic	uischarges	(A./.J.4

H.4.2 Indirect application (contact discharges only)

				At start	At end	
Application no.:			Temp.:			°C
Type designation:			Rel. h.:			%
Observer:			Date:			yyyy-mm-do
Control scale inte	rval, <i>d</i> :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during	test:		Bar. Pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d)						•
Automatic zero-so Non-existent Load, L	etting and zero-tracl Not in	king device is:	Out of	working range	In opera	ition
Polarity:	pos	neg				
Horizontal couplin	ng plane					7
	Discharges			F	Result	
Test	Number of	Repetition	Indicat	ion,	Significant fault (>	

Discharges			Result		
Test voltage	Number of discharges	Repetition interval	Indication, I	Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction	
(kV)	≥ 10	(s)		No	Yes (remarks)
	W	rithout disturbance			
2					
4					
6					

Vertical coupling plane

Discharges			Result		
Test voltage	Number of discharges	Repetition interval	Indication, <i>I</i>	Significant fault (> d) or detection and reaction	
(kV)	≥ 10	(s)		No	Yes (remarks)
without disturbance					
2					
4					
6					

	Passed			Failed
--	--------	--	--	--------

Note: If significant faults are detected and acted upon, or if the EUT fails, the test point at which this occurs shall be recorded.

H.4 Electrostatic discharges (A.7.3.4)

Specification of test points of EUT (direct application), e.g. by photos or sketches

a) Direct application

Contact discharges:

Air discharges:

b) Indirect application

H.5 Immunity to electromagnetic fields (A.7.3.5)

H.5.1 Radiated electromagnetic fields (A.7.3.5.1)

					At start		At end					
Application no.:	····		Temp.:					°C				
Type designatio	n:		Rel. h.:					%				
Observer:	•••		Date:					yyyy-mm-dd				
Control scale interval, d:			Time:					hh:mm:ss				
Resolution durir	ng test:		Bar. Pre	s.:				hPa				
(smaller than d)				<u></u>				_				
					l							
Rate of swee	ep:	Load:			Mate	erial load	1:					
	Disturb	ance					Result					
Antenna	Frequency	Polarization	Facing	Ind	ication,			cant fault (> d)				
	range (MHz)		EUT		I	No		ion and reaction (remarks)				
	without dis	turbance										
			Front									
			Right									
		Vertical	Left									
			Rear									
			Front									
		Horizontal	Right									
			Left									
			Rear		•							
			Front									
		Vertical	Right									
		Vertical	Left									
			Rear									
			Front									
	\diamond		Right									
		Horizontal	Left									
			Rear									
		<u> </u>					<u> </u>					
Test severity:												
Frequency ra		80 MHz ⁽¹⁾ to 20	000 MHz									
RF amplitude Modulation:	e (50 onms):	10 V/m 80 % AM, 1 kH	Iz sine wav	e.								
	it is 26 MHz if th	e test according to			applied di	ie to lac	k of mains or I	i/O ports.				
		cy and field strengt						F				
			u. wiiicii t	000	and must be	1000140						
Passed	Fail	ed										
Remarks:												

At start

At end

H.5 Immunity to electromagnetic fields (A.7.3.5)

H.5.2 Conducted electromagnetic fields (A.7.3.5.2)

Application no.: Tem			.:			°C	
Type designation	:	Rel. h	.:			%	
Observer:		Date:	•			уууу-т	m-dd
Control scale into	erval, <i>d</i> :	Time:	•			hh:mm:	SS
Resolution during	g test:	Bar. P	res.:			hPa	
(smaller than d)			Ļ				
Rate of sweep:	Loa	d:		Material	l load:		
	Disturbance				F	Result	
Frequency Range (MHz)	Cable / Interface	Level (Volts RMS)	Ind	ication, I	No	Significant fault (> d) Yes (remarks)	
	without disturbance				NO	Tes (Telliarks)	
	without disturbance						
	without disturbance						
	without disturbance						
4	without disturbance						
Test severity;							
Frequency rangers RF amplitude Modulation:	(50 ohms): 10 V (e	Hz – 80 MHz .m.f.) M, 1 kHz, sine wa	ave				
Note: If EUT fa	ils, the frequency and field	strength at which	n this oc	curs must be	recorded	l.	
Passed	Failed						
Remarks:							

H.5 Immunity to electromagnetic fields (A.7.3.5)

Include a description of the set-up of EUT, e.g. by photos or sketches.

Note: If EUT fails, the frequency and field strength at which this occurs must be recorded.

Radiated:



I	SPAN STABI	LITY (6.3.3, A	1.8)					
Appl	ication no.:							
	designation:							
Scale	e interval, d:							
Reso	lution during test:	(smaller than d)						
Auto	matic zero-setting				٦			
	Non-existent	N	lot in operat	ion	Out of working	ng range		
Zero	load =		Tes	st load =				
Auto	matic span adjustn	nent device:						
N	Ion-existent	In ope	eration					
	surement No 1: Ini			T		t start	At end	
	ication no.:				el. h.:		9/	
	designation:	•••••			Date:			
Obse	rver: ditions of the				Γime:			yyy-mm-dd h:mm:ss
	surement				Time.		"	11.111111.55
				Bar. l	Pres.:		hI	Pa
$E_0 = I_0$	$_{0} + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_{0} - L_{0}$	$E_{\rm L} = I_{\rm L} + \frac{1}{2} a$	l - ΔL - L					
No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{ m L}$ - E_0	Corrected value ⁹
1								
2			7					
3								
4								
5								
	Average error =	= average ($E_{\rm L}$ - $E_{\rm L}$	E_0)					
	$(E_{\rm L}$ - $E_0)_{\rm max}$ - $(E_{\rm L}$	$E_{\rm L}$ - E_0) _{min} =						
	0.1 <i>d</i> =							
If (E	$(E_{\rm L} - E_0)_{\rm max} - (E_{\rm L} - E_0)_{\rm max}$	G_0 _{min} $ \leq 0.1 d$, t	he loading a	and reading will be	e sufficient for e	ach of the s	ubsequent me	asurements.
Rema	rks:							

⁹ When applicable, necessary corrections resulting from variations of temperature, pressure, etc. See remarks.

I Span stability (6.3.3, A.8)

Subsequent measurements

For each of the subsequent measurements (at least 7), indicate on the "conditions of the measurement", as appropriate, if the measurement has been performed after:

the temperature test, the EUT having been stabilized for at least 16 h
the damp heat test, the EUT having been stabilized for at least 16 h
the EUT has been disconnected from the mains for at least 8 h and then stabilized for at least 5 h
any change in the test location
any other specific condition:

	At start	At end	
 Temp.:			°C
 Rel. h.:			%
 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Time:			hh:mm:ss
Bar. Pres.:			hPa
	Rel. h.: Date: Time:	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time:	Temp.: Rel. h.: Date: Time:

 $E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2}d - \Delta L - L$

20 - 10	$) + 72 \alpha \Delta E_0 E_0$	$\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{L}} - \mathbf{r}_{\mathrm{L}} + 72$	u 110 11					
No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{ m L}$ - E_0	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

TC C' 1 1'	1	1.	1	1	C	. 1
If five loadings	and	readings	have	heen	nertor	med:
II II ve loudings	unu	readings	Huve	OCCII	perior	IIICu.

Average error = average $(E_L - E_0)$	
---------------------------------------	--

I Span stability (6.3.3, A.8)	I	Span	stability	(6.	.3	.3,	A.8
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Measurement No 3:		At start	At end	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Conditions of the measurement	 Time:			hh:mm:ss
	Bar. Pres.:			hPa

 $E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}$ - E_0	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4							R	
5								

Ιf	five	loadings	and	readings	have	heen	performe	ď
п	nve	ioaumgs	anu	readings	nave	been	periorne	u.

Average erro	or = average ($E_{\rm L}$	$-E_0$
--------------	----------------------------	--------

Remarks:

Measurement No 4:	Y	At start	At end	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Conditions of the	Time:			hh:mm:ss
measurement				
	Bar. Pres.:			hPa

 $F_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2}d - \lambda I_0 - I_0$ $F_1 = I_1 + \frac{1}{2}d - \lambda I_1 - I_1$

$L_0 - I$	$_{0}$ + 72 u - ΔL_{0} - L_{0}	$E_{\rm L} - I_{\rm L} + 72$	$u - \Delta L - L$					
No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}$ - E_0	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average $(E_L - E_0)$	
---------------------------------------	--

I Span stability (6.3.3, A.8)

Measurement No 5:	_	At start	At end	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Conditions of the measurement	 Time:			hh:mm:ss
	Bar. Pres.:			hPa

 $E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}$ - E_0	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

	If five load	lings and	readings	have be	en perform	ed:
--	--------------	-----------	----------	---------	------------	-----

Average error = average	$(E_{\rm L} - E_0)$	
-------------------------	---------------------	--

Remarks:

Measurement No 6:		At start	At end	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Conditions of the	Time:			hh:mm:ss
measurement				
	Bar. Pres.:			hPa

 $E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{ m L}$ - E_0	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

I	Span stability	(6.3.3, A.	.8)
---	----------------	------------	-----

Measurement No 7:	_	At start	At end	_
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Conditions of the measurement	 Time:			hh:mm:ss
	Bar. Pres.:			hPa

 $E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{\rm L}$ - E_0	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								

If five	loadings	and	readings	have	been	performed:
11 11 10	10uuiii,5	unu	1 Cuaiii 50	murc	CCCII	periorinea.

Average error = average	$(E_{\rm L} - E_0)$	
-------------------------	---------------------	--

Remarks:

Measurement No 8:	_	At start	At end	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Conditions of the	Time:			hh:mm:ss
measurement				
	Bar. Pres.:			hPa

 $E_0 = I_0 + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L_0 - L_0$ $E_L = I_L + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

No.	Indication of zero, I_0	Add. load, ΔL_0	E_0	Indication of load, $I_{\rm L}$	Add. load, ΔL	$E_{ m L}$	$E_{ m L}$ - E_0	Corrected value
1								
2								
3								
4				_				
5								

If five loadings and readings have been performed:

Average error = average $(E_L - E_0)$	
---------------------------------------	--

Measurement no. Type designation:
Plot on the diagram the indication of temperature test, **T**, damp heat test, **D**, and disconnections from the mains voltage supply, **P** œ Maximum allowable variation 9 S Failed 5 SPAN STABILITY (A.8) Type designation: Application no.: Passed +0.5d- 0.5 d -+ 1.5 d0

Average error, d

- J Static weighing tests for the control instrument (6.2.1, A.5.3)
- J.1 Accuracy of zero-setting (6.2.1.1, A.5.3.1)

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d_s :	 Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:	 Bar. Pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d_s)				•

Zero-setting mode	ΔL	$E = \frac{1}{2} d_{\rm s} - \Delta L$	MPE

Passed	Failed
--------	--------

J.2 Determination of weighing performance (6.2.1, A.5.3.2)

J.2.1 Weighing test (A.5.3.2.1, A.9.3.1)

(Calculation of the error)

			At start	At end	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d_s :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:		Bar. Pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d_s) Automatic zero-setting device Non-existent	e is: Not in operation	Out of	working range	In opera	ution
Initial zero-setting > 20 % of		Yes	No No	mopen	
$E = I + \frac{1}{2} d_s - \Delta L - L$ $E_c = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calc	culated at or near zero	(*)			

Load, L	Indication, I			load, L	Error, E		Corrected error, $E_{\rm c}$		MPE
	\	↑	\	↑	1	1	\	↑	
(*)					(*)				
						•			

Passed	Failed

At start

At end

J.2.2 **Eccentricity tests (6.2.1.2, A.5.3.2.2)**

Report Number____

Matai	If amounting conditions	ana arrah that ma	accombinates com account	a a a a m t mi a i t x	tasts mood mot be	manfammad
NOIE:	If operating conditions	are such mai no	eccentricity can occur.	ecceninchy	tests need not be	performed.

Location of test loads for ea	ach section of the load rec	eptor: mark on	a sketch (see exai	nple below) the suc	cessive locations of test loads				
Load ($^1/_n$ of Max)									
(smaller than d_s):					•				
Resolution during test		Bar. Pres.:			hPa				
Control scale interval, d_s :		Time:			hh:mm:ss				
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd				
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%				
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C				

using letters which shall be repeated in the table below).

a b c	
-------	--

Also indicate on the sketch the location of the display or another perceptible part of the instrument.

Automatic zero-setting	g device is:		
Non-existent	Not in operation	Out of working range	In operation

 $E = I + \frac{1}{2} d - \Delta L - L$

 $E_{\rm c} = E - E_0$ with $E_0 =$ error calculated prior to each measurement at or near zero (*)

C4:	Load, L	Location	Indication,	Add. load,	Error	Corrected	MPE
Section			I	ΔL		error, $E_{\rm c}$	
	(*)				(*)		
	(*)				(*)		
	(*)				(*)		
	(*)				(*)		

Passed			Failed
	Passed	Passed	Passed

		At start	At end	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Control scale interval, d_s :	 Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test	 Bar. Pres.:			hPa
(smaller than d_s):				•

Load, L	Indication, I_1	Remove load, ΔL	Add. 1/10 d _s	Extra load = $1.4 d_s$	Indication, I_2	<i>I</i> ₂ - <i>I</i> ₁

Passed	Failed
--------	--------

J.2.4 Repeatability test (6.2.1.4, A.5.3.2.4)

					A	t start	At e	end	
Appli	cation no.:			Temp.:				°C	
Type	designation:			Rel. h.:				%	
Obser	rver:			Date:				ууу	yy-mm-dd
Contr	ol scale interval, d_s :			Time:				hh:	mm:ss
Resol	ution during test			Bar. Pres.:				hPa	a
(smal	ler than d_s):	••••••				- 1			
Aute	omatic zero-setting d	evice is:							
	Non-existent	Not in op	peration	Out	of workir	ng range		In operation	
	[-88-			
	Load (weighing	1-6)				Load (w	eighing	7-12)	
E=I	$+\frac{1}{2}d$ - ΔL - L								
	Indication	Add. load,	Error,			Indicat	ion	Add. load,	Error,
No.	of load, I	ΔL	Enoi,		No.	of load		ΔL	Error, E
1					7				
2					8				
3					9				
4					10				
5					11		· ·		
6					12				
0					12				
	F F (w.	eighing 1 - 6)				F	- F (v.	eighing 7 - 12)
	Zinax Zinin (0.88 1 0/				Ziliax	211111 (11	0.55 / 12	/
		mpe						mpe	
		mpe [ттре	
Checl	k if: a) E	\leq mpe (2.9)							
	b) $E_{\rm m}$	$_{\rm ax}$ - $E_{\rm min} \leq {\rm absc}$	olute value of	mpe (3.2.	.7)				
	, , ,			P · (c · ·					
	Passed	Failed							
Rema	ırks:								

J.2.5	Stability of equilibri	um (3.3.5.3, A.6.5)								
				At start	At	t end				
Applica	ation no.:		Temp.:			°(C			
Type d	esignation:									
Observ	er:		Date:			у	yyy-mm-dd			
Contro	scale interval, d_s :		T: 11							
Resolu	tion during test		Bar. Pres.:			h	Pa			
	r than d_s):									
Automatic zero-setting device is: Non-existent Not in operation Out of working range In operation In the case of printing or data storage										
	Load	First printed or stored weight value			Reading during 5 s after print-out or storage					
No.	(about 50 % of Max)		after disturbance and command			num value	maximum value			
1						/ F				
2	-									
3	-									
4	-									
5	-									
	if the first printed or stor int-out or storage, only t			than 1 d from	the reading	gs during 5 sec	conds			
Pas	sed Failed									
In the	case of zero-setting									
Zero-se	_	E_0	$= I_0 + 1/2 - \Delta L - L_0$							
No. (*)	Zero-load (< 4 % of Max)	Load, L_0 (**) (10 d _s)	Indication, I_0 after zero-settir		oad, ΔL	Error, E_0				
1			_							
2										
3										
4		_								
5										
<u> </u>			1	1	1					

(*)	Apply the zero load, disturb the equilibrium and immediately release zero-setting, apply L_0 if necessary and calculate
	the error according to A.5.2.2 of R 106-1. Perform this 5 times.
(**)	L_0 shall be applied only if an automatic zero-setting is in operation. L_0 shall be applied after releasing zero-setting,

immediately after zero is displayed the first time.

Passed	Failed
Remarks:	

Report Number_____

K.1 Full-draught weighing of static reference wagons (A.9.3.1)

			At start	At	end	
Application no.:		Temp.:				°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:				%
Observer:		Date:				yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d_s :		Time:				hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test: (smaller than d_s):						
Control instrument is:	Integral		S	Separate		•

K.1.1 Uncoupled static wagon weighing (A.9.3.1.1)

Uncoupled wagon static weighing:

No	Reference wagon identification	Total wagon mass	Remarks (*)
1			
2			
3			.7 ()
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

^(*) Include a description of the design of the wagons (number of axles / bogies /axles in a bogie; open or closed wagon).

K.1 Full-draught weighing of static reference wagons (A.9.3.1)

K.1.2 Static wagon weighing - partially loaded (A.9.3.1.1)

Static wagon weighing (partially loaded):

No	Reference wagon identification	Total wagon mass	Remarks (*)
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			*
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
Mean			
Error	A		
MPE			

^(*) Include a description of the design of the wagons (number of axles / bogies /axles in a bogie; open or closed wagon).

Remarks:

K.2 Partial weighing of reference wagons using separate or integral control instrument (A.9.3.1.2)

			At start	Atena	
Application no.:		Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d_s :		Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test:					
(smaller than d_s):					
	Integral	Partial axle	eweighing		
Control instrument is:	Separate	Partial bog	ie weighing		

K.2.1 Empty reference wagons

Partial-draught static weighing (empty):

No. Reference Partial-draught weighing								
No.	Reference		Partial-draug	ght weighing	5	Total	Corrected	Remarks (*)
	wagon ID	1st mass	2nd mass	3rd mass	4th mass	mass ()	total (**)	
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22								
23								
24	_							
25								

^(*) Include a description of the design of the wagons (number of axles / bogies /axles in a bogie; open or closed wagon).(**)

If applicable, Total to be corrected with the rail alignment correction procedure in R 106-1, Annex B.

Corrected total = Total mass – rail alignment correction).

Consideration shall be given to the results of the eccentricity test by placing and weighing the bogies on the same three positions. The differences between the results of the three bogie weighings (also middle compared to both front and rear) for determining the mass of the reference wagon may not exceed one sixth of the applicable error for the wagon weight. The result of the three bogie weighing test shall be correspondingly corrected with the eccentricity errors.

K.2 Partial weighing of reference wagons using separate or integral control instrument (A.9.3.1.2)

K.2.2 Loaded reference wagons

Partial-draught static weighing (loaded):

No	Reference	P	artial-drau	ight weighin	ıg	Total	Corrected	Remarks (*)
	wagon ID	1st mass	2nd mass	3rd mass	4th mass	mass ()	total (**) ()	
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
21								
22	_							
23								
24				_				
25								

^(*) Include a description of the design of the wagons (number of axles / bogies /axles in a bogie; open or closed wagon). (**) If applicable, Total to be corrected with the rail alignment correction procedure in R 106-1, Annex B. Corrected total = Total mass – rail alignment correction)

Consideration shall be given to the results of the eccentricity test by placing and weighing the bogies on the same three positions. The differences between the results of the three bogie weighings (also middle compared to both front and rear) for determining the mass of the reference wagon may not exceed one sixth of the applicable error for the wagon weight. The result of the three bogie weighing test shall be correspondingly corrected with the eccentricity errors.

K.3 Rail alignment correction (A.9.3.1.3, Annex B)

			At start	Atellu	_
Application no.:		 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:		 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:		 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
		Time:			hh:mm:ss
					_
Accuracy class: A		 			
Maximum capacity: B		 			
Standard weights required:	: C	 			
(A – 1.5B, rounded down)					
Scale interval (<i>d</i>):		 			
Scale interval for stationar	y load, d_s	 			

	Position on load receptor	Indicated mass (t)			
	rosition on road receptor	Empty wagon	Loaded wagon		
First axle	Leading end Middle Trailing end				
Second axle	Leading end Middle Trailing end				
Total of six	weighings	D =	E=		
Divide tot	al by three				
Derived mass of	standard weight	F = E - D =			
Alignment	correction	C – F =			

Note: The use of the capital letters A to F correlate to the table below and the example given in R 106-1, Annex B.

L In-motion weighing tests (coupled, uncoupled or train) (6.2.2, A.9.3.2)

		At start	Atenu	
Application no.:	 Temp.:			°C
Type designation:	 Rel. h.:			%
Observer:	 Date:			yyyy-mm-dd
Scale interval, d_s :	 Time:			hh:mm:ss
Resolution during test: (smaller than d_s):				

L.1 Summary of test data

Modes of operation tested (6.3)						
Uncoupled						
Coupled						
Train						
Direction of coupled						
wagons (single or dual)						

Operating speed (2.10,	A.6.3,
A.9.4)	
Maximum operating	
speed, v_{max}	
Minimum operating	
speed, v_{\min}	
Site operating speed	
(Site)	
·	

Coupled wagon and train weighing (6.3)								
Maximum number of								
wagons per train, n_{max}								
Minimum number of								
wagons per train, n_{\min}								
Total number of wagons								
coupled								
Number of reference								
wagons coupled, n_{ref}								
Train weight								

	Test run 1 Test speed		Test run 2 Test speed		Test run 3 Test speed		Test run 4 Test speed		Test run 5 Test speed						
	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{\rm min}$	Site	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{ m min}$	Site	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{\rm min}$	Site	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{ m min}$	Site	$v_{\rm max}$	$v_{\rm min}$	Site
Percentage of reference wagons within MPE															
Percentage of reference wagons within twice MPE															

	Test run 1 Test speed	Test run 2 Test speed	Test run 3 Test speed	Test run 4 Test speed	Test run 5 Test speed	
Sum of masses of reference wagons in train						
Sum of masses from weighbridge						
Train weight						
Pushed or pulled						
Direction (forward or backward)						

L.2 Uncoupled wagon in-motion weighing (6.2.2.2, A.9.3.2.2)

	agon on	agon	Test run 1		Test run 2		Test run 3		Test:	run 4	Test:	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ()	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17						<u> </u>							
18													
19													
20					-								
21													
22													
23													
24	V												
25													
26													
27		_											
28													
30													

L.2.1 Uncoupled wagon in-motion weighing (continued)

Test speed near typical site speed:	km/h
	ı

	agon on	agon ic	Test	run 1	Test:	run 2	Test	run 3	Test	run 4)	Test:	run 5)	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ()	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated	Error	Indicated	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks
1													
2											A		
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20		• 1			-								
21													
22													
23													
24													
25 26													
27													
		~											
28													
30													

L.2.3 Uncoupled wagon in-motion weighing (continued)

Test speed near v_{\min} : km/h

agon ion agon ic		agon ic	Test:	run 1	Test 1	run 2	Test:	run 3	Test run 4		Test run 5		
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ()	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20					-								
22				· ·									
23													
24													
25													
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													

L.3 Coupled wagon or train in-motion weighing (6.2.2.3, A.9.3.3)

Test speed near v_{max} :		km/h
------------------------------------	--	------

	agon on	agon ic	Test:	run 1	Test:	run 2	Test	run 3	Test	run 4	Test:	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ()	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated	Error	Indicated	Error	Remarks
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17						<u> </u>							
18													
19													
20		•			•								
21													
22													
23													
24	V												
25													
26													
27		_											
28													
30													

L.3.1 Coupled wagon or train in-motion weighing (continued)

Test speed near typical site speed: km/h

	agon on	agon ic	Test (run 1	Test:	run 2	Test (run 3	Test (run 4	Test:	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ()	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated	Error	Indicated	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19		<u> </u>											
21					-								
22													
23													
24													
25	*												
26													
27													
28													
29													
30													
	1			I		l	l	I	1	I		1	

L.3.2 Coupled wagon or train weighing (continued)

Test speed near v_{\min} :	km/h
Test speed near v_{\min} :	km

	agon on	agon ic	Test:	run 1	Test:	run 2	Test (run 3	Test (run 4	Test	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ()	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Indicated	Error	Indicated mass	Error	Remarks
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
20					-								
21													
22													
23													
24			· ·										
25													
26 27													
		~											
28													
29													
30													

L.3 Continuation report page

Continuation of report page

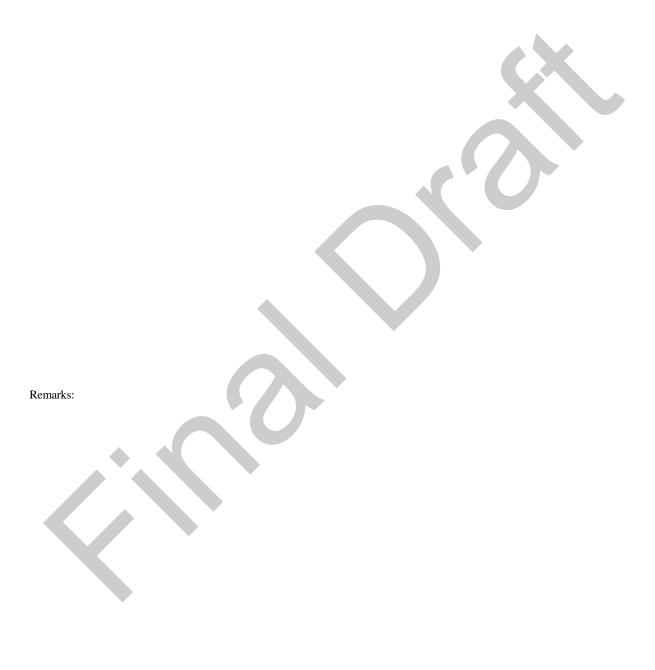
	agon on	agon ic	Test	run 1	Test:	run 2	Test	run 3	Test (run 4	Test:	run 5	
No.	Reference wagon identification	Reference wagon mass -static ()	Indicated	Епог	Indicated	Error	Indicated mass	Епог	Indicated	Error	Indicated mass	Епог	Remarks
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													
11													
12													
13													
14													
15													
16													
17													
18													
19													
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22					•								
23													
24													
25													
26	*												
27													
28													
29													
30													

Note: Reproduce this page as necessary for the number of wagon weighings.

M EXAMINATION OF THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE INSTRUMENT

Use this page to indicate any description or information pertaining to the instrument, additional to that already contained in this report and in the accompanying national type approval or OIML certificate. This may include a picture of the complete instrument, a description of its main components, and any remark which could be useful for authorities responsible for the initial or subsequent verifications of individual instruments built according to the type. It may also include references to the manufacturer description.

Description:



N CHECKLIST

The checklist has been developed based on the following principles:

To include requirements that cannot be tested according to test 1 through 6 above, but shall be checked experimentally or visually, e.g. the descriptive markings (3.11);

To include requirements which indicate prohibitions of some functions, e.g. semi-automatic zero-setting devices shall not be operable during automatic operation (3.2.7.3);

Not to include general requirements, e.g. suitability for use (3.1);

This checklist is intended to serve as a summary of the results of examinations to be performed and not as a procedure. The items on this checklist are provided to recall the requirements specified in R106-1 and they shall not be considered as a substitution for these requirements.

The requirements that are not included in this type evaluation report (test E through J and checklist N) are considered to be globally covered by the type approval or OIML certificate (e.g. classification criteria [2.1], suitability for use [3.1]).

For non-mandatory devices, the checklist provides space to indicate whether or not the device exists and, if appropriate, its type. A cross in the box for "present" indicates that the device exists and that it complies with the definition given in the terminology; when indicating that a device is non-existent, also check the boxes to indicate that the tests are not applicable (see A. General information concerning the type).

If appropriate, the results stated in this checklist may be supplemented by remarks given on additional pages.



Report	Number	
ινοροιι	Nullibei	

N CHECKLIST (continued)

Application no.	Truna designations	
Application no.:	 Type designation:	

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
2	A.2	METROLOGICAL REQUIREMENTS	I	I	l
2.3		Scale interval (d) for all mass indicating and printing devices or	n an instrum	ent is:	
		the same for a particular method of weighing-in-motion and			
		combination of load receptors,			
		in the form of 1×10^k , 2×10^k , or 5×10^k , "k" being a positive			
		or negative whole number or zero.			
2.4		Scale interval for stationary load (d_s) is:			1
2.7		automatically put out of service if not equal to the scale interval,			
		d, during weighing-in-motion			
		not be readily accessible, and			
		only used for static testing if instrument not verified for use as a			
		non-automatic weighing instrument			
2.5		Minimum capacity:			
2.3		is not less than 1 t and not greater than the value of the result			
		of the minimum wagon mass divided by the number of partial			
		weighings			
2.6		Minimum wagon mass:			
2.0		is not be less than $50 d$.			
2.7.1		Static temperature:		I	1
2.7.1		- stated in descriptive markings; or			
		10 °C to + 40 °C			
272					
2.7.2		Supply voltage:	1	1	
		 AC power supply 			
		 DC power supply 			
		 Battery Power (DC) voltage 			
2.8		Units of measurement on the instrument:			
		kilogram (kg) and tonne (t).			
2.9		Multiple indicating/recording devices			
		error of any single weighing result by itself does not exceed			
		the mpe for the given load			
		for any given load the difference between the indications of			
		multiple indicating devices including tare weighing devices,			
		shall be not greater than the absolute value of the maximum			
		permissible error, but shall be zero between digital displaying			
		and printing devices			
2.10		Operating speed			
	7	determined by the instrument as the average speed of the			
		railway vehicle as it moves over the load receptor			
		Tanway venicle as it moves over the foad receptor			
		the weigh-in motion indication shall include either the speed in			
		km/h at which the entire railway vehicle was weighed in			
		motion or a notification of speed fault detection.			
3	A.1	TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS			
3.2		Security of operation:			
3.2.1		Fraudulent use:			
		instrument has no characteristics likely to facilitate its fraudulent			
		use			
3.2.2		Accidental maladjustment:			
		effect of accidental breakdown or maladjustment is evident			
3.2.3		Interlocks:			•
- :		Prevent the indication and recording of the mass of any wagon the	hat has trave	elled over th	e load
		receptor outside specified working conditions for:			

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
3.2.3	A.6.4	Interlocks:			
		minimum operating voltage (2.7.2)			
		wagon recognition (3.6);			
		wheel position on the load receptor (3.6)			
	A.6.3	range of operating speeds (2.10)			
	A.0.3	wagon weighment detection			
3.2.4		Uncoupled wagon weighing			
3.2.4		Instruments for uncoupled wagon weighing recognise and indicate	the pessego	of:	
			the passage	: 01.	
		a) a coupled wagon			
		 2 or more uncoupled wagons so close as to cause either malfunction or errors exceeding the MPE. 			
		-			
2.2.5		c) Whether or not weighing has occurred			
3.2.5		Automatic operation:			
		Instrument is designed for accurate operation in accordance			
		with R 106-1 for a specified period durably in accordance with the intended use of the instrument.			
		Any malfunction is automatically and clearly indicated (e.g.			
	411	fault indication or automatic switch off).			
	A.1.1	Uncertainties of measurement, significant faults, overload situation, high speed and failure of the instrument are			
		accounted for. Documentation submitted by the manufacturer includes a description of how this requirement is met.			
3.2.6	A.5.3				
3.2.6	A.5.3	Use for non-automatic weighing operations (Static weighing for	or		
		integral control instrument):			
		the automatic rail-weighbridge is to be used as:			
		an AWI and as a NAWI complies with R 106 and with R 76,			
		and if used as a control instrument its error and uncertainty is			
		less than one-third (if verified immediately before the in-			
		motion tests) or less than one-fifth (if verified at any other			
		time) of the mpe for weighing in motion in 2.2.1;			
		an integral control instrument complies with R 106 and its			
		error and uncertainty in static weighing is less than one-third			
		(if verified immediately before the in-motion tests) or less than			
		one-fifth (if verified at any other time) of the mpe for			
2.2.7	4.5.3	weighing in motion in 2.2.1.			
3.2.7	A.5.2	Zero-setting and zero-tracking device:			
		- Initial zero-setting			
		Automatic zero-setting or zero tracking			
		Semi-automatic zero-setting			
		 Non-automatic zero-setting 			
		Zero-tracking			
		A semi-automatic zero-setting device shall not be operable			
		during automatic operation.			
3.2.7.1	A.5.2.2	Accuracy of zero-setting:			
		is not more than $\pm 0.25 d$			
3.2.7.2		Maximum effect:			
		Effect of zero-setting shall not alter the maximum weighing			
		capacity of the instrument			
		Zero-setting range = %			
		Initial zero-setting range = %			
3.2.7.3	A.6.5	Control of the zero-setting devices	1	1	1
		Any combined semi-automatic zero-setting and semi-			
		automatic tare-balancing device is operated by the same key.			
		For instrument with a zero-setting device and a tare-weighing			
		device the control of the zero-setting device shall be separate			
		ractice are control of the zero-setting device shall be separate	1	i	ı

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
3.2.7.3	A.5.2.2.2	Control of the zero-setting devices			
	A.6.5	A semi-automatic zero-setting device shall function only:			
		a) when the instrument is in stable equilibrium			
		b) if it cancels any previous tare operation.			
		A non-automatic or semi-automatic zero-setting device shall not be operable during automatic operation.			
3.2.7.4		Stability of automatic zero-setting:			
3.2.7.4		 when operating as part of every weighing cycle, it is not 			
		possible to disable or set at time intervals;			
		 description of the operation of the automatic zero-setting 			
		device is specified by manufacturer			
3.2.7.5		Zero-tracking device operates only when:			
		- the indication is at zero			
		- In stable equilibrium as specified in 3.3.5.3			
		- the corrections are not more than 0.5 d/second			
		Zero-tracking may operate within a range of 4 % of Max			
		around the actual zero indication after a tare operation.			
3.3	A.1.3	Indication of weighing results			
3.3.1		Quality of indication:			
		Reading of the primary indications:			
		 is reliable, easy and unambiguous under conditions of 			
		normal use;			
		- overall inaccuracy ≤ $0.2 d$ for analogue indication;			
		 size, shape and clarity for easy reading; 			
		 reading by simple juxtaposition 			
3.3.2		Printing device:			
		printing is clear and permanent for the intended use.			
		printed figures at least 2 mm high.			
		name or the symbol of the unit of measurement is either to the right or above a column of values, or placed according to			
		national regulation.			
3.3.3		Indications for weighing-in-motion operation:			
		minimum information from each weighing operation is			
		dependent upon the application of the instrument;			
		includes the date, time, operating speed and the instrument			
		identification;			
		in the case of wagon weighing each wagon mass;			
		in the case of train weighing each train mass and the number			
		of wagons in the train;			
		the printout and/or data storage indicating at least:			
		the date, time, operating speeds, errors, the instrument			
		identification, each wagon mass, for train weighing the train			
		mass and number of wagons in the train.			
		the train mass printout is equal to the mass of the train			
		combination including all wagon mass and excluding the locomotive. If the train includes wagons where no mass was			
		recorded, the total printout must indicate the number of and			
		the wagons missed from the total train mass.			
		scale interval of indications for wagon mass or train mass shall			
		be scale interval, d, in accordance with 2.3;			
		scale interval of indications for mass values, may be to a			
		higher resolution than the scale interval, d;			
		weighing results shall bear the name or symbol of the			
		appropriate unit of mass in accordance with 2.8;			
		Any additional information from the weighing-in-motion			
		operation, i.e. the maximum allowable weighing speed.			

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
3.3.4		Digital indication:			
		displays a zero for all places displayed to the right of a decimal			
		point and at least one place to the left;			
		when no decimal values are displayed, a zero is displayed for			
		each place of the displayed division (i.e. at least one active			
		decade plus any fixed zeros must be displayed);			
		decimal fraction is separated from its integer by a decimal			
		sign, with the indication showing at least one figure to the left			
		of the sign and all figures to the right.			
		decimal sign shall be on one line with the bottom of the figures			
3.3.5		Limits of indication of weighing results:			
3.3.5.1		Weighing range:			
		Instruments shall not indicate, record or print the following			
		unless the value is clearly marked with an error code or			
		message:			
		 the mass of any locomotive, 			
		- the mass of any wagon that has not been weighed, or			
		- the mass of any wagon that will cause a weighing result less			
		than Min or greater than $Max + 9 d$,			
		- the mass of any wagon where the instrument has detected a			
		speed fault condition.			
		These values may be separated from the other weighing values.			
3.3.5.2		Roll back:			
		No alteration of indicated values of wagon mass due to any			
		part of any wagon travelling over the load receptor more than			
		once, unless the wagon is been reweighed.			
3.3.5.3		Stable equilibrium:		1	
		a) the condition of the instrument such that the indicated			
		mass of each separate weighing test do not deviate more			
		than 1 d_s from the final weight value (T.3.9), and b) in the case of zero operations a correct operation of the			
		device according to 3.2.7 and A.6.5 within relevant			
		accuracy requirements is achieved.			
3.4		Totalising device:	Present [Not p	resent []
		a) Automatic		•	
		b) Semi-automatic			
3.5		Data storage device:			
		The measuring instrument shall record by a durable means the			
		measurement result accompanied by information to identify			
		the particular transaction. And a durable proof of the			
		measurement result and the information to identify the			
		transaction shall be available on request at the time the			
		measurement is concluded.			
		 In memory of the instrument (hard drive), 	Present [] Not j	oresent []
		- Removable external storage	Present [] Not j	oresent []
		Stored data is adequately protected against intentional and			
		unintentional changes during the transfer and storage process;			
		Stored data contains all relevant information necessary to			
		reconstruct an earlier measurement.			

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
3.5	_	Securing of data storage:			
		the requirements for security of software given in 3.8 are			
		applied as appropriate;			
		if software realizing the data storage can be transmitted to or			
		downloaded into the instrument these processes shall be			
		secured in accordance with 3.9;			
		external storage devices identification and security attributes			
		shall be automatically verified to ensure integrity and authenticity;			
		exchangeable storage media for storing measurement data			
		need not be sealed provided that the stored data is secured by a specific checksum or key code;			
		when storage capacity is exhausted, new data may replace			
		oldest data provided that the owner of the old data has			
		authorised the data replacement.			
3.6		Wagon recognition device:			
		a) detects the presence of a wagon in the weigh zone and			
		detect when the whole wagon has been weighed.			
		b) generates an error message or prevent the indication or			
		recording of the wagon mass if it travels in the wrong			
		direction If only one direction of travel is specified for an		/	
		instrument;			
3.7		Installation			
3.7.1		General		1	
		The weighbridge is installed so as to minimise any adverse effects of the installation environment. The space between the load receptor and ground shall allow all covered parts of the load receptor to be kept free from all debris or other matter that could affect the accuracy of the instrument. Details of installation (e.g. site levels, length of aprons), which may affect the weighing operation, and the following effects on the weighing results should be taken into account:			
		- lateral forces due to interactions of the control instrument with the railway vehicle;			
		- forces on part of the railway vehicle by different transient behaviour and friction within the axle suspensions;			
		- forces on part of the aprons if there are different levels between the control instrument and ramp that could lead to varying distribution of the axle load.			
		a) automatic rail-weighbridges manufactured and installed to minimise any adverse effects of the installation environment			
		b) the space between the load receptor and ground shall allow all covered parts of the load receptor to be kept free from all debris or other matter that could affect the accuracy of the			
		instrument			
3.7.2		Composition:			
		Instruments comprise any of the following:			
		a) one or more load receptors			
		b) aprons			
		c) vehicle-type identification devices			
		d) indicating, recording or printing device			
		e) data processing module			

Requirement(Test	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
R 106-1)	procedure	Face of thatis hardings			
3.7.3		Ease of static testing: Accessible to vehicles moving test weight if used as a control instrument			
		Drainage			
274		If the weighing mechanism is contained in a pit, there shall be			
3.7.4		a provision for drainage to ensure that no portion of the instrument becomes submerged or partially submerged in			
		water or any other liquid.			
3.8		Software requirements:			
	Observe	Legally relevant software of the instrument is identified by the manufacturer.			
3.8.1	A.1.1	Software documentation:			
0.012	12,111	a) Description of the legally relevant software;			
		b) Description of the accuracy of the measuring algorithms;			
		c) Description of the user interface, menus and dialogues;			
		d) The unambiguous software identification;			
		e) Description of the embedded software;			
		f) Overview of the system hardware, e.g. block diagram, type of computer(s), software source code, etc, if not described in the operating manual;			
		g) Means of securing software;			
		h) Operating manual.			
3.8.2		Means of securing			
		a) legally relevant software shall be adequately protected against accidental or intentional changes.			
		b) the software shall be assigned with appropriate software identification. This software identification shall be adapted in the case of every software change that may affect the functions and accuracy of the instrument;			
		c) functions performed or initiated via connected interfaces, i.e. transmission of legally relevant software, shall comply with the securing requirements for interfaces of 4.3.5.			
3.9	A.2.4	Means of securing	<u> </u>	<u>I</u>	<u> </u>
3.9.1		There shall be adequate security and tests conducted to ensure that:			
		a) fitted with a securing means, or			
		b) enclosed;			
		c) if enclosed, the enclosure is sealed;			
		d) transmission of legally relevant software and device- specific parameters via interfaces shall be secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with requirements of 4.3.5.2;			
		e) the securing possibilities available in an instrument shall be such that separate securing of the settings is possible;			
		f) stored data shall be secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with the data storage requirements of 3.5.			
		g) securing provided on all parts of the measuring system which cannot be materially protected in any other way against operations liable to affect the measurement accuracy			

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
3.9.2		Means of securing:	1	ı	
		a) Hardware and/or software means of security to restrict			
		access to authorised persons only;			
		b) Records of interventions including the date and a means of			
		identifying the authorised person making the intervention			
		(see a) above):			
		- can be memorised, accessed and displayed;			
		traceability of the interventions is assured for at least the period of time in between periodical verifications depending on national legislation.		×	
		c) Software functions are secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with 3.8;			
		d) Transmission of legally relevant data via interfaces secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with 4.3.5.2;			
		e) Securing possibilities available in an instrument shall be such that separate securing of the settings is possible;			
		f) Stored data shall be secured against intentional, unintentional and accidental changes in accordance with		,	
		3.5.			
3.10		Span adjustment:		ı	1
		a) automatic or a semi-automatic span adjustment device			
		incorporated inside the instrument.			
		b) external influence upon this device shall be practically			
		impossible after securing.			
3.11	A.2.3	Descriptive markings:			
3.11.1	Observe	Markings shown in full:	1	ı	1
		- identification mark and / or name of the manufacturer			
		- identification mark and / or name of the importer (if			
		applicable)			
		- designation of the instrument			
		- serial number of the instrument and modules			
		- maximum wagon masskg or t			
		- minimum wagon mass kg or t			
		- can be used to weigh wagons carrying liquids or other			
		products that may be subjected to fluctuations in its			
		gravity centre with wagon			
		movement (if applicable)			
		- number of partial-draught weighings per wagon (if applicable)			
		- maximum operating speedkm/h (if applicable)			
		- direction of weighing (if applicable)			
		 wagons pushed/pulled (whichever is applicable)]		
		- supply voltage V			
		- mains frequency (if applicable)			
		- temperature range (when not -10°C to 40°C)			
	▼	- software identification, (compulsory for software			
		controlled instruments)			

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
3.11.2.1	Observe	Markings shown in code:			•
		 type approval sign in accordance with national requirements 			
		- accuracy class wagon mass (each weighing method, if applicable) 0.2, 0.5, 1 or 2			
		- maximum capacity; Max = kg or t			
		- minimum capacity; Min = kg or t			
		- scale interval; d = kg or t			
		- scale interval for stationary load, d_s (if applicable)kg or t			
		- maximum operating speed; $v_{\text{max}} = \dots \text{km/h}$			
		- minimum operating speed; $v_{min} = \dots km/h$			
3.11.2.2		For train weighing:			
		- maximum number of wagons per train; $nw_{\text{max}} = \dots$			
		- minimum number of wagons per train; $nw_{min} = \dots$			
3.11.3		Supplementary markings:			
		as required: (please list)			
3.11.4		Presentation of descriptive markings:			
		- indelible			
		 may be either in the national language or in form of adequate, internationally agreed and published pictograms or signs. 			
		- size, shape and clarity that allows easy reading			
		- grouped together in a clearly visible place			
		plate bearing markings to be sealed, unless it cannot be removed without being destroyed			
		The descriptive markings may be shown on a display which is controlled by software provided that:			
		 at least Max, Min and d shall be displayed as long as the instrument is switched on; 			
		- the other marking may be shown on manual commend;			
		it must be described in the type approval (OIML) certificate			
		- the markings are considered as device-specific parameters			
		When a display controlled by software is used, the plate of the instrument shall bear at least the following markings:			
		- Max, Min and d shown near the display;			
		- type approval sign in accordance with national requirements,			
		- name or identification mark of the manufacturer,			
		- supply voltage,			
		- AC mains frequency, (if applicable)			

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
3.12	A.2.4	Verification marks		•	II.
3.12.1	Observe	Position:			
		- Cannot be removed without damaging the marks			
		- Allows easy application of marks			
		- Visible without the instrument having to be removed			
3.12.2	Observe	Mounting:			
		Verification mark support ensures conservation of the marks			
		The type and method of sealing shall be determined by national prescription.			
		TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS			1
4		General requirements			
4.3	A.1.4	Functional requirements			
4.3.1		Acting upon a significant fault:	2.7		
		By verifying the compliance with documents or by simulating faults check that:			
		 either the instrument is made inoperative automatically, or 			
		 a visual or audible indication is provided automatically and continues until the user takes action or the fault disappears 			
		Upon switch-on:		7	
4.3.2		 Relevant signs of indicator are active and non-active for 			
		sufficient time to be checked by operator.			
4.3.4		- Warm-up time:		•	•
		 no indication or transmission of weighing results 			
		 automatic operation is inhibited 			

Requirement(R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
4.3.5		Interfaces:	•	•	
		Instrument with interface(s) shall continue to function			
		correctly and its metrological functions shall not be			
		influenced.			
4.3.5.1		Interface documentation:			
		The manufacturer shall provide documentation on all			
		interfaces comprising of at least:			
		a) A list of all commands (e.g. menu items);			
		b) Description of the software interface;			
		c) A list of all commands together;			
		d) A brief description of their meaning and their effect on			
		the functions and data of the instrument.			
4.3.5.2		Securing of interfaces:			
		Interfaces shall not allow the legally relevant software and functions of the instrument and its measurement data to be inadmissibly influenced by other interconnected instruments, or by disturbances acting on the interface.			
		Interfaces through which the functions mentioned above cannot be performed or initiated, need not be secured. Other interfaces shall be secured and tests conducted to ensure that:			
		a) data is protected (e.g. with a protective interface) against			
		accidental or deliberate interference during the transfer;			
		b) all functions in the software interface are subjected to the			
		software securing requirements in 3.8; c) all functions in the hardware interface are subjected to the			
		c) all functions in the hardware interface are subjected to the hardware securing requirements in 3.9;			
		included in the initial verification (or equivalent			
		conformity assessment procedures);			
		e) easily possible to verify the authenticity and integrity of			
		data transmitted to and from the instrument;			
		f) functions performed or initiated by other connected instruments through the interfaces meet the appropriate			
		requirements of R 106.			
		Other instruments required by national regulation to be			
		connected to the interfaces of an instrument shall be secured to			
		inhibit automatically the operation of the instrument for			
		reasons of the non-presence or improper functioning of the			
126	A 6 1	required device.			
4.3.6	A.6.4	AC mains power supply:	1		
		- maintains metrological information for 24 hours after			
		voltage failure			
127	A 6 1	- emergency switch-over does not cause significant fault	<u> </u>		
4.3.7	A.6.4	DC main or rechargeable power supply			
		An instrument that operates from the DC mains supply, or			
		rechargeable supply shall, whenever the voltage drops below the minimum operating voltage, either:			
		continues to function correctly, or			
			-		
		 is automatically put out of service 	1		

Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
5.1.1	A.1.1	Type approval documentation		· ·	•
		- metrological characteristics of the instrument;			
		- a standard set of specifications for the instrument;			
		- a functional description of the components and devices (4.3);			
		- drawings, diagrams and general software information (if			
		applicable), explaining the construction and operation;			
		- description and application of securing components,			
		interlocks, adjustment devices, controls, fault indication			
		function, etc. (3.2.3, 3.2.5, 3.9, 3.10);			
		- printing devices (3.3.2);			
		- data storage device (3.5);			
		- zero-setting devices (3.2.7);			
		- connection of different load receptors (2.3, 6.2.1.5)			
		- interfaces (types, intended use, immunity to external			
		influences instructions (3.9, 4.3.5);			
		- for software controlled instruments general software			
		information (3.8, 3.11.5);			
		- description of the stable equilibrium function of the			
		instrument (3.3.5.3);			
		- drawing or photo of the instrument showing the principle			
		and the location of control marks, securing marks,			
		descriptive and verification marks (3.11, 3.12);			
		- any document or other evidence demonstrating that the			
		design and construction of the instrument complies with the			
		requirements of (5.1.1);			
. 1		- operating instructions, operating manual.			
6.1		Test standards			
6.1.1		Control instruments for reference wagon weighing:			
		Full draught weighing on:	Present [1 No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or	Present [-	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument.	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing] No	
6.1.1.1		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments:	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-in-	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-in-	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test;	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1.	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1 - for re-verification tests combined error and uncertainty of	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1 - for re-verification tests combined error and uncertainty of control instrument (separate and integral) following	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1 - for re-verification tests combined error and uncertainty of control instrument (separate and integral) following completion of reference wagon weighing shall be as	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1 - for re-verification tests combined error and uncertainty of control instrument (separate and integral) following completion of reference wagon weighing shall be as specified for the appropriate control instrument.	Present [] No	ot-Present []
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		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1 - for re-verification tests combined error and uncertainty of control instrument (separate and integral) following completion of reference wagon weighing shall be as specified for the appropriate control instrument. - takes into account the combined error and uncertainty obtained from a calibration recently before (and if	Present [] No	ot-Present []
		Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1 - for re-verification tests combined error and uncertainty of control instrument (separate and integral) following completion of reference wagon weighing shall be as specified for the appropriate control instrument. - takes into account the combined error and uncertainty obtained from a calibration recently before (and if appropriate, after) the verification, and under about the	Present [] No	ot-Present []
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	A.5.3	Full draught weighing on: - integral control instrument; or - separate control instrument. - control instrument for bogie partial weighing Accuracy of control instruments: - combined error and uncertainty of integral control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-third of the mpe in 2.2.1 applicable to the weighing-inmotion instrument under test; - combined error and uncertainty of the separate control instrument that is verified immediately prior to the weighing tests is less than one-third of the maximum permissible error for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1. - combined error and uncertainty of separate control instrument for reference wagon weighing is less than one-fifth of the mpe for weighing-in-motion in 2.2.1 - for re-verification tests combined error and uncertainty of control instrument (separate and integral) following completion of reference wagon weighing shall be as specified for the appropriate control instrument. - takes into account the combined error and uncertainty obtained from a calibration recently before (and if appropriate, after) the verification, and under about the same environmental conditions. Integral control instrument:	Present [] No	ot-Present []
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Requirement (R 106-1)	Test procedure	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
6.1.1.3		Partial weighing of reference wagons:			I.
		- it shall have a scale interval for stationary load (2.4),			
		- comply with the requirements in 6.2.1, and			
		the alignment correction test for single-axle weighing			
		instruments in Annex B shall be successfully applied.			
6.1.2		Test weights used for type examination or verification:		I.	
		meet the metrological requirements of OIML R 111;			
		 combined error and uncertainty of test weights is less 			
		than one-fifth of the mpes in 2.2.2 of the instrument to be			
		verified for the load.			
		For testing control instruments for bogie partial weighing:			•
		 a special test railway vehicle with known mass shall be 			
		used. (e.g. a normal three-axle-bogie with a platform for			
		the standard test weights)			
6.2		Weighing methods			
6.2.2		Devices for selection (or switching) between various load			
		receptors, load-transmitting devices and load-measuring			
		devices			1
6.2.2.1		Compensation of no-load effect			
		The selection device compensates for the unequal no-load			
		effect of the various load receptors and/or load-transmitting			
		devices in use.			
6.2.2.2		Zero-setting Zero-setting			
		Zero setting of an instrument with any multiple combination of			
		various load-measuring devices and various load receptors			
		shall be possible without ambiguity and in accordance with the			
		requirements of 3.2.7.			
6.2.2.3		Weighing shall not be possible while selection devices are			
		being used.			
		Weighing shall not be possible while selection devices are			
6.2.2.4		being used. Identification of the combinations used			
0.2.2.4					
		Combinations of load receptors and load measuring devices			
		used shall be readily identifiable.			
		It shall be clearly visible which indication(s) correspond to			
		which load receptor(s).			
6.2.3		In-motion weighing:			
		Reference wagons used for testing represent the range of			_
		wagons available in the appropriate Member State and for			
		which the instrument is intended			

Requirement	Test	Automatic rail-weighbridges	Passed	Failed	Remarks
(R 106-1)	procedure				
		Modes of operation:			
		Reference wagons shall be selected to cover, as far as			
		practicable, each mode of operation for which the instrument			
		is to be approved including:			
		 loaded or empty wagons, 			
		 pushing or pulling, 			
		 range of operating speed (Min, Max and Site), and 			
		 one or both directions. 			
		Wagons carrying liquid loads or other products that may be			
		subjected to fluctuations in its gravity centre when the wagon			
		moves, shall be used as reference wagons only if the automatic			
		rail-weighbridge will be applied subsequently for determining			
		the mass of such wagons.			
6.2.2.3		Coupled wagon or train in-motion weighing:			
		The test train shall comprise a number of wagons equal to the			
		minimum number of wagons in accordance with Table 6 that			
		the automatic rail-weighbridge is intended to weigh in motion.			